

Comisión redactora

Mag. Marianella Granados Sirias,

Asesora Nacional de Inglés, Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada

Mag. Andrea Cruz Badilla

Asesora Nacional de Inglés, Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada

Validación Camille Ann Campbell

Voluntaria de respuesta Cuerpo de Paz

Diseño de portada Noelia González Cascante

Dirección Regional de Educación Guápiles

Table of Contents

1.	Presentation	3
2.	Aim of the document	3
3.	Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators	4
4.	Indicators of Learning	5
5.	How to use this document	7
6.	How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan	8
7.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 1	12
8.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 2	17
9.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 3	22
10	. Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 4	27
11	. Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 5	32
12	. Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 6	36
13	. Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments	41
14	. References	47

Presentation

This booklet provides English teachers of Tenth grade with important information about suggested indicators of learning for the pedagogical mediation. This school year, teachers must write their own indicators. This document intends to be another resource that teachers can or might use as a reference to write their own indicators for planning and assessment. It includes a sample instrument for registering In -Class Progress and performance scales for oral exams. All the suggested indicators will help teachers to measure the goals, assessment strategies and the three learning strands (Learn to Know, Learn to Do, Learn to Be and Live in Community) set in the English curriculum when designing their lesson plans. As a result, learners can achieve the expected level of performance in the target language according to the CEFR. Remember to visit the resource site for tenth grade in which you can find videos, audios and the Teacher's Guide for tenth grade.

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2020/sitio_decimo_ingles/index.html

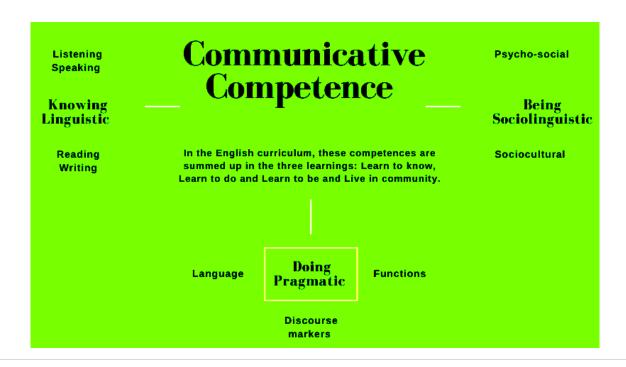
Aim of this document:

a) To provide a list of indicators of learning per unit and for each linguistic competence for tenth grade.

Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators.

The CEFR defines communication as a social act, where learners are social agents, developing a range of general and specific communicative language competences, moving from learning about the language to learning to communicate in the language in active, spontaneous, and authentic language interaction. Most of the tasks to be accomplished have a meaningful communication objective, for example, solving a problem in a given scenario.

The CEFR defines competences as "the sum of knowledge, skills and characteristics that allow a person to perform actions in society (p.9). They are comprised of general and specific competences as shown in the following graphic organizer. General competences consist of knowledge, skills, and abilities to learn and existential competences that are not language-specific, but learners use them when performing all kinds of actions including language activities.





INDICATORS OF LEARNING

CEFR has different proficiency levels for each linguistic competence. In the English curriculum, these levels can be seen in the goals and the assessment strategies for each scenario. Measuring linguistic competences is an essential part of classroom assessment. It provides an objective, valid, reliable and meaningful balance to know what learners are achieving.

How can we make sure a learner is reaching the desired achievement level?

By constructing and using indicators of learning.



How do we write indicators?



* The condition element is present in numerous descriptors for each level in the CEFR. In the English curriculum, this aspect is present in the goals for each linguistic competence. Therefore, indicators of learning must be written considering this feature.



How many indicators do we write per assessment strategy?

- This actually depends on the complexity of the competence.
- There are some that only need one or two achievement indicators, others twice as much.
- There is no recipe that says how many indicators should be written for each competence.



How many achievement levels do we have? We have three levels: Achieved, In progress and Not yet achieved.

Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the task.

In process: Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.

Achieved: Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.

How to use this document

- 1) Keep in mind that indicators have the following characteristics: measurable, observable and specific.
- 2) Indicators of learning are organized by unit, then by each assessment strategy from the curriculum.
- 3) Identify the goal and assessment strategy that you will be using. Remember, a goal is a can- do performance descriptor while an assessment strategy provides evidence of learner's learning outcomes.
- 4) Use indicators of learning throughout each unit to monitor students' progress and make the corresponding mediation changes if necessary.
- 5) The indicators of learning for each assessment strategy are arranged in sequential order for students to perform them appropriately.
- 6) Remember that the Pre-teaching Stage **must not** have indicators of learning. They are strictly related to the suggested mediation sequence for each linguistic competence.

How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan

- a. While teaching (Oral Comprehension, Written Comprehension, Oral Production, Written Production), remember that there should be a connection between the goals, assessment strategies, indicators of learning, and pedagogical mediation for each competence.
- b. The written indicators for each assessment strategy and goal must be incorporated in your lesson plan.
 They are scaffolded to ensure the learner achieves the assessment strategy and ultimately develops competency.
- c. In the example below, with only one audio, all the indicators written for the assessment strategy were incorporated in the pedagogical mediation. This means you need to include all the indicators when planning, not only the ones you want to work with. They are written as small, essential steps that help to achieve the assessment strategy, the goal and finally to develop competency.
- d. See the following example to integrate the indicators to your lesson plans.

Learner	Learner can	Oral Comprehension	5′			
L.1. distinguishes the main points and the important details of audio recordings.						
	ingredients for healthy living, positive attitude, plans for success, and stories of successful people.	Pre listening Column A contains words from the next listening activity and Column B contains their corresponding definition. Match definitions in Column B with their corresponding word in Column A. Column A Column B cardiovascular system (noun) () 1. a word showing disbelief fridge (noun) () 2. begin or start hon (pronoun): () 3. a medical examination cut back on (phrasal verb): () 4. short for "refrigerator" take up (phrasal verb): () 5. your body's blood circulation system including your heart, veins, and arteries physical (noun) () 6. short for "honey"	5′			
Indicator of learning:		Listening for the first time Learners listen to a conversation taken from https://www.esl-lab.com/intermediate/healthy-lifestyle/ . Teacher can download the audio from https://www.esl-lab.com/quizzes/healthylifestyle-cloze.htm Learners listen to the conversation for the first time and complete the following statements.	5´			

L.1.1 Gets main points of		
audio recordings about	Listen to the conversation and complete the statements. The man wants to	
healthy living.		10´
	The woman is worried that	
	 her husband's health isn't good the man works too much her husband is becoming a fitness freak 	
	First, the woman suggests that her husband	
	☐ visit with a fitness trainer ☐ start with light workouts ☐ see a doctor	
	Her husband should	
	 consume less salt eat more protein eat less fatty foods 	
	The man's wife recommend cycling because it	
	Pair /Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	
	With the information they got from the audio, learners, in pairs, have to choose the topic of the conversation. Teacher writes on the board the three options.	
	My wife's recommendations	
	Recommendations to be a fitness freak	
	Loving dist and eversion	
	Loving diet and exercise	22′
	Orally, learners should give at least two supporting details that helped them to choose that topic.	
	Pair/Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	
L.1.2 Recognizes the topic		
of the conversation about		
c. the conversation about		

recommendations to get a Listening for the second time healthy lifestyle. Learners listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. Listening for the Second time. Listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. Man: Honey, the basketball game is about to ___ __And could you bring some chips and a bowl of ice cream? And . . . uh . . . a slice of ___ the fridge. L.1.3 Identifies some Woman: Anything else? supporting details in audio Man: Nope, that's all for now. Hey, hon, you know, they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining. What do you think? recordings about healthy Man: "Humph" What do you mean "Humph." I was the star living. high school. Woman: Yeah, twenty-five years ago. Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court. Man: So, what are you suggesting? _____ I just abandon the idea? I'm not 25′ that out of shape. Woman: Well . . . you ought to at least have a physical before you begin. I mean, it HAS been at least _____years since you played at all. Man: Well, okay, but . . . Woman: And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods, like ice cream. And you should try eating more fresh L.1.4 Identifies key words Man: Yeah, you're probably right. in audio recordings about Woman: And you should ___ a little weight training to strengthen your healthy living. muscles or perhaps try cycling to build up your cardiovascular system. Oh, and you need to go to _____early instead of watching TV half the night. Man: Hey, you're starting to sound like my personal _ Woman: No, I just love you, and I want you to be around for a long, long Learners check answers with their elbow partner. Post-listening Learners are asked to think about three things they need to change right now to have a healthy lifestyle. They should write their ideas on a piece of paper and stick it on the 5 wall (as a reminder of things that need to be changed)

UNIT 1				
Scenario: Love What We Do!				
Assessment Strategies	Indicato	ors of Learning		
L1. recognizes key points in television	L1.1	Recognizes the main idea and specific details in television programs, radio,		
programs, radio, and web-based		and web-based broadcasts/ announcements, video/audio recordings or		
broadcasts/ announcements, video/audio		discussions and social conversations about jobs and occupations.		
recordings, discussions and social				
conversations about jobs and occupations.				
L.2. discriminates main points, concepts,	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea in television programs, radio, and web-based		
key points and details from television		broadcasts/ announcements, small group discussion between two or more		
programs, radio, and web-based		native speakers, in a video/audio recording, about jobs and occupations.		
broadcasts/ announcements, small group	L.2.2	Recognizes specific details in television programs, radio, and web-based		
discussion, between two or more native		broadcasts/ announcements, small group discussion between two or more		
speakers, in a video/audio recording at		native speakers, in a video/audio recording, about jobs and occupations.		
normal speed.				
L3. distinguishes main ideas, key points and	L3.1	Recognizes the main idea in conversations when people speak at normal		
details on familiar topics when people speak		speed about jobs and occupations.		
at normal speed.	L3.2	Recognizes specific details in conversations when people speak at normal		
at normal speed.		speed about jobs and occupations.		
R.1. recognizes factual texts and simple	R.1. 1	Recognizes a factual text or a simple report about jobs and occupations.		
report to answer literal questions about a	R.1. 2	Answers yes/ no and wh-questions from texts about jobs and occupations.		

UNIT 1				
Scenario: Love What We Do!				
Assessment Strategies	Indicate	ators of Learning		
text about jobs and occupations.				
R.2. discriminates information of charts and	R.2.1	Lists information about what, where, and when in charts and graphs about jobs and occupations.		
graphs read.	R.2.2	Recognizes information about the trends in charts and graphs about jobs and occupations.		
R.3. manipulates English language words	R.3.1	Recognizes prosodic features (stress, intonation, rhythm) to support the message intended to convey.		
sound using knowledge in phonics, syllabification.	R.3.2	Articulates prosodic features (stress, intonation, rhythm) in the message intended to convey.		
Syllabilication.	R.3.3	Produces the message intended to convey with prosodic features (stress, intonation, rhythm) orally.		
	R.4.1	Identifies topic in textbooks or online explanations.		
R.4. interprets textbooks or online	R.4.2	Recognizes the text structure (heading, tittles, illustrations, glossary, end of chapter summary).		
explanations and examples.	R.4.3	Selects the main idea in paragraphs or sections of textbooks or online explanations as she/he reads.		
	R.4.4	Extracts supporting details in paragraphs or sections of textbooks or online explanations.		

UNIT 1					
Scenario: Love What We Do!					
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning				
	R.4.5	Draws conclusions from textbooks or online explanations by answering questions.			
	SI1.1	Identifies the main idea and supporting details of what has been said about			
SI.1. summarizes what has been said on		jobs and occupations.			
modeled sentence frames to convey	SI1.2	Organizes the main idea and supporting details by using linkers: sequential-			
information to another.		past time about jobs and occupations.			
	SI1.3	Summarizes speakers' points of view about jobs and occupations.			
SI.2. explains what he/she means with	SI.2.1	Practices circumlocution to explain a targeted word with related words.			
another word when he/she can't think of the	SI.2.2	Constructs sentences to explain the targeted word.			
exact word.					
SI.3. asks someone for clarification or for	SI.3.1	Formulates questions to request information clarification or confirmation. e.g.			
confirmation that a form is correct in some		Sorry, what was that? What did you say?, Could you say that again?			
basic mistakes.	SI.3.2	Checks for understanding, e.g. Did you mean?			
SI.4. produces face to face conversations	SI.4.1	Exchanges personal experiences, feelings, opinions and reactions about jobs			
and interviews about personal experiences,		or occupations by participating in a face-to-face conversation or an interview.			
feelings, opinions and reactions about a job					
or occupation.					
SP.1. retells a simple story read or heard in	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to give a			
class about a description of a job fair or job		well-organized presentation about a simple story read or heard in class related			

UNIT 1				
	Scenario: Love What We Do!			
Assessment Strategies	Indicato	ors of Learning		
experience.		to a job experience.		
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a well-organized presentation about a simple story read or heard in class related to a job experience or job		
	SP1.3	fair. Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about a simple story read or heard in class related to a job experience or job fair.		
	SP1.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about a simple story read or heard in class related to a job experience or job fair.		
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate online information and visuals to give a presentation about a personal job experience or a job fairs.		
SP.2. describes in detail, about a personal	SP2.2	Organizes the online information and visuals to give a presentation about a personal job experience or a job fairs.		
job experience and information at job fairs supported with online/physical information	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the online information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about a personal job experience or a job fairs.		
	SP2.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about job fairs.		
W.1. writes a resume for requesting a job,	W1. 1	Prewrites a resume requesting a job which includes objective, experience,		

UNIT 1				
Scenario: Love What We Do!				
Assessment Strategies	Indicate	ors of Learning		
based on an ad (newspaper, internet, radio).		education, and references.		
	W1. 2	Drafts a resume requesting a job which includes objective, experience, education, and references		
	W1. 3	Revises a resume requesting a job which includes objective, experience, education, and references with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation and content.		
	W1. 4	Edits a resume requesting a job before publishing.		
	W2. 1	Prewrites a cover letter for a dream job or occupation that includes salutation, opening, hook, skills, and a closing.		
W.2. writes a cover letter for a dream job or occupation, using simple, coherent, and	W2. 2	Drafts a cover letter for a dream job or occupation that includes salutation, opening, hook, skills, and a closing with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.		
well-written sentences.	W2. 3	Revises a cover letter for a dream job with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order and punctuation and content.		
	W2. 4	Edits a cover letter for a dream job before publishing.		

UNIT 2

Scenario: Stories Come in All Shapes and Sizes

Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
L1. recognizes the main points of even a relatively long discussion on familiar topic, related to stories on standard English.	L1.1	Recognizes the main idea and specific details in a relatively long discussion on familiar topic or related to stories about memes, blogs, tweets, posts, reviews, literary analysis.
L2. extracts specific details from many web- based broadcasts/ memes, comics, posts, poems.	L2.1	Locates specific details from many web-based broadcasts/ memes, comics, posts, poems.
R1. discriminates factual information from	R1.1	Recognizes key words or phrases that precede facts from texts and simple reports on familiar topics. (e.g. according to, as discussed in)
texts and simple reports on familiar topics.	R1.2	Recognizes provable statements from texts and simple reports on familiar topics.
	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.
R2. manipulates English language sounds	R2.2	Articulates targeted sounds.
using knowledge in phonics,	R2.3	Produces targeted sounds in sentences in an oral form with the sounds.
R.3. recognizes information from texts of various lengths.	R3.1	Identifies gist from movie reviews, interviews, tweets, posts of various lengths supported by diagrams and illustrations.

UNIT 2 Scenario: Stories Come in All Shapes and Sizes

Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	R3.2	Identifies key words from movie reviews, interviews, tweets, posts of
		various lengths supported by diagrams and illustrations.
SI.1. repeats what has been said and	SI1. 1	Identifies the main idea and specific details of what has been said.
conveys this information to another person.	SI1. 2	Summarizes the ideas to another person by using linkers: sequential-past time.
SI.2. interacts in a face-to-face conversation	SI.2.1	Exchanges personal experiences, feelings, opinions and reactions
talking in detail about tweets, memes,		about tweets, memes, poems, posts, blogs, comics, short stories,
poems, posts, blogs, comics, short stories,		videos in a face-to-face conversation in pairs or small groups.
videos when interacting in pairs or small		
groups.		
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the information and visuals to give a
		presentation about what is occurring in tweets, blogs, short stories,
SP1. describes what is occurring in tweets, blogs, short stories, videos, including his/her		videos, including an opinion about them.
personal opinion about them.	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about
		what is occurring in tweets, blogs, short stories, videos, including an
		opinion about them.

UNIT 2 Scenario: Stories Come in All Shapes and Sizes

Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in tweets, blogs, short stories, videos, including an opinion about them.
	SP1.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in tweets, blogs, short stories, videos, including an opinion about them.
SP2. sustains a conversational exchange with peers.	SP2.1	Asks and answers questions in a conversational exchange, after a well-organized presentation, about a tweet, blog, short story or video.
SP3. expresses opinions of a short story,	SP3.1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to give an opinion of a short story, play, essay, or poem examined in class.
play, essay, or poem examined in class.	SP3.2	Constructs sentences to give opinions of a short story, play, essay, or poem examined in class with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.
	SP3.3	Expresses ideas to give opinions of a short story, play, essay, or

UNIT 2

Scenario: Stories Come in All Shapes and Sizes

Accessment Strategies	ĺ	Indicators of Learning
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
		poem examined in class.
	W1. 1	Prewrites a narrative paragraph about what has been learned, how it
		has been learned, and learning goals for the future.
	W1. 2	Drafts a narrative paragraph about what has been learned, how it has
		been learned, and learning goals for the future including topic
		sentence, supporting sentences, a concluding sentence and discourse
W1. expresses what has been learned, how it		markers.
has been learned, and learning goals for the	\\/ /	Devises a parretive paragraph about what has been learned bout it
future.	W1. 3	Revises a narrative paragraph about what has been learned, how it
		has been learned, and learning goals for the future with a focus on
		subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence
		sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and content.
	W1. 4	Edits a narrative paragraph about what has been learned, how it has
		been learned, and learning goals for the future before publishing.
W2. summarizes simple text dealing with	W1. 2	Prewrites important details about a short story, video or blog dealing
familiar subjects. (e.g., short stories, videos,		with familiar subjects.

UNIT 2

Scenario: Stories Come in All Shapes and Sizes

Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
blogs).	W2. 2	Drafts a summary with important details and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words about a short story, video or blog dealing with familiar subjects.
	W2. 3	Revises a summary with important details about a short story, video or blog dealing with familiar subjects with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, indentation, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and content.
	W2. 4	Edits the summary with important details about a short story, video or blog dealing with familiar subjects before publishing.

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular** con la colaboración de Camille Campbell. *Response Volunteer.* **Peace Corps Costa Rica**

Unit 3 A World of Differences

Accomment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
L.1. distinguishes many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.	L1. 1	Recognizes topic in many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.
	L1. 2	Recognizes the main idea and specific details in many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.
L.2. extracts main idea of audio texts in	L2. 1	Extracts the main idea and specific details in audio texts in many
many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.		television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.
R.1. recognizes textbook explanations and examples.	R1. 1	Recognizes explanations and examples in textbooks.
R.2. manipulates English language	R2. 1	Recognizes targeted words.
sounds using prior knowledge in	R2. 2	Articulates targeted words.
phonics, syllabification and word parts.	R2. 3	Produces the targeted words in sentences in an oral form with words.
R.3. interprets many subject specific words when encountered in text.	R3. 1	Categorizes the words (noun, verb, adjective, adverb) related different cultures, ethnicity, diversity, and gender.
	R3. 2	Demonstrates understanding of specific words by using context clues and illustrations related to different cultures, ethnicity, diversity, and

Unit 3

A World of Differences

Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
		gender
	R3. 3	Recognizes the use of the word. (formal, informal) related to different
		cultures, ethnicity, diversity and gender.
	SI1. 1	Retells details of what has been said about different cultures, ethnicity,
SI.1. repeats what has been said and conveys this information to another		diversity, and gender.
person.	SI1. 2	Expresses ideas to another person about different cultures, ethnicity,
·		diversity, and gender.
	SI2. 1	Constructs sentences to give opinions about cultural identity and
SI.2. expresses opinions about cultural identity and diversity.		diversity.
	SI2. 2	Expresses ideas to give opinions about cultural identity and diversity.
	SP1. 1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to
SP.1. expresses opinions on familiar subjects and asks for others' opinions.		give an opinion about different cultures, ethnicity, diversity and gender.
	SP1. 2	Constructs sentences to give opinions about different cultures,
		ethnicity, diversity, and gender with the appropriate linkers or
		connecting words.

Unit 3 A World of Differences **Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** SP1. 3 Expresses ideas to give opinions about different cultures, ethnicity, diversity and gender. SP1. 4 Asks for other's opinions about different cultures, ethnicity, diversity and gender. SP2.1 Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about cultures, SP.2. asks questions to others if the subcultures, cliques, cultural norms and storms. questions have been prepared SP2.2 Asks and answers yes/no and wh- questions to ask about cultures, beforehand. subcultures, cliques, cultural norms and storms. SP3. 1 Plans the language, content, and resources to explain points of view, justifying assumptions and plans, briefly about cultures, subcultures, cliques, cultural norms, and storms in a well-organized presentation. SP.3. explains points of view, justifying SP3. 2 Constructs sentences to explain points of view, justifying assumptions assumptions, and plans, briefly. and plans, briefly about cultures, subcultures, cliques, cultural norms and storms with the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a wellorganized presentation.

Unit 3			
A World of Differences			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	SP3. 3	Expresses ideas to explain points of view, justifying assumptions and plans, briefly about cultures, subcultures, cliques, cultural norms and storms in a well-organized presentation.	
W.1. writes completing specific graphic organizers and sentence frames aimed at monitoring comprehension.	W1. 1	Prewrites ideas about what has been learned, how it has been learned, and future goals about cultural diversity.	
	W1. 2	Drafts sentences about what has been learned related to cultural diversity by following a graphic organizer's information.	
	W1. 3	Completes a graphic organizer about what has been learned, how it has been learned, and future goals about cultural diversity.	
	W1. 4	Revises sentences about what has been learned related to cultural diversity with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order and punctuation and content.	
	W1.5	Edits the graphic organizer before publishing.	

Unit 3			
A World of Differences			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	W2. 1	Prewrites a simple, short descriptive or narrative paragraph based on a real or imagined event related to cultural diversity, including characters, plot, setting, based on real or imagined event related to cultural diversity.	
W.2.writes a simple, short descriptive narrative paragraph based on real or imagined event related to cultural diversity, including characters, plot, and setting	W2. 2	Drafts a simple, short descriptive or narrative paragraph related to cultural diversity, including characters, plot, setting, topic sentence, supporting details and signal words based on a real or imagined event related to cultural diversity with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W2. 3	Revises a short descriptive /or narrative paragraph with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order and punctuation.	
	W2. 4	Edits a short descriptive / narrative paragraph before publishing.	

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular** con la colaboración de Camille Campbell. *Response Volunteer.* **Peace Corps Costa Rica**

Unit 4 Caution: Fragile World -- Handle with Care *Indicators of Learning **Assessment Strategies**

L.1. paraphrases the main points of a relatively long discussion using standard	L1. 1	Lists the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long discussion using standard English.
English.	L1. 2	Summarizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long discussion using standard English.
L.2. extracts the main points of audio texts.	L2. 1	Selects the main idea and supporting details in audio texts in many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements.
L.3. extracts the most important	L3.1	Identifies topic in news broadcasts. (television, internet).
information in news broadcasts (television, internet).	L3.2	Selects the main idea and supporting details in news broadcasts (television, internet).
R.1. discriminates key words, diagrams, and illustrations to support reading	R1. 1	Recognizes key words, diagrams, and illustrations to support reading comprehension.
comprehension.	R1. 2	Recognizes key words, diagrams, and illustrations to support reading comprehension.
R.2. manipulates English language	R2. 1	Recognizes targeted words.
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R2. 2	Articulates targeted words.

Unit 4 **Caution: Fragile World -- Handle with Care Assessment Strategies** *Indicators of Learning syllabification and word parts. R2. 3 Produces the targeted words in sentences in an oral form with words. R3.1 Identifies topic in simple, clearly drafted print materials (newspaper, charts and graphs, diagrams). R3.2 Identifies the text structure (heading, tittles, illustrations, glossary, end of chapter summary). R.3. interprets the important information R3.3 Recognizes the main idea from simple, clearly drafted print materials in simple, clearly drafted print materials (newspaper, charts and graphs, diagrams) as she/he reads. (newspaper, charts and graphs, R3.4 Extracts supporting details from paragraphs or sections in simple, diagrams). clearly drafted print materials (newspaper, charts and graphs, diagrams). R3.5 Draws conclusions from simple, clearly drafted print materials (newspaper, charts and graphs, diagrams) by answering questions. SI.1. indicates verbally willingness to SI1. 1 Constructs sentences agreeing to participate in sustainability activities. participate in activities.

Initiates a simple face-to-face conversation with a greeting.

Keeps a face-to-face conversation going.

SI2. 1

SI2. 2

SI. 2. starts, maintains, and closes a

conversational exchange with a peer in

Unit 4 Caution: Fragile World -- Handle with Care

Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning
Assessment offacegres		indicators of Learning
the classroom.	SI2. 3	Asks and answers about participating in sustainability activities.
	SI2. 4	Closes the conversation about participating in sustainability activities.
	SP1. 1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to
SP.1. expresses opinions about the		give an opinion about the fragile world and the way of mitigating effects responsibly, deriving questions for others' / other opinions.
fragile world and the way of mitigating effects responsibly, deriving questions for others' opinions.	SP1. 2	Constructs sentences to give opinions about the fragile world and the way of mitigating effects responsibly, deriving questions for others' opinions.
	SP1. 3	Expresses ideas to give opinions about the fragile world and the way of mitigating effects responsibly, deriving questions for others' opinions.
SP.2. explains and justify points of view briefly about the topic.	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to explain points of view briefly about products and practices in Costa Rica in a well-organized presentation.
	SP2.2	Constructs sentences to explain points of view briefly about products and practices in Costa Rica in a well-organized presentation.
	SP2.3	Expresses ideas to explain points of view briefly about products and practices in Costa Rica in a well-organized presentation.

Unit 4 **Caution: Fragile World -- Handle with Care Assessment Strategies** *Indicators of Learning Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to SP.2.1.1 justify points of view briefly about products and practices around the world. SP.2.1 justifies points of view briefly SP.2.1.2 Constructs sentences to justify points of view briefly about products about the topic. and practices around the world. Justifies opinions with explanations and examples about products and SP.2.1.3 practices around the world. W1. 1 Prewrites important details about a short story, video or blog dealing with familiar subjects. W1. 2 Drafts a summary with important details about a short story, video or W.1. summarizes simple text dealing blog dealing with familiar subjects. with the subject. (e.g., short stories, W1. 3 Revises a summary with important details about a short story, video or videos, blogs). blog dealing with familiar subjects with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, indentation, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and content. W1. 4 Edits the summary with important details about a short story, video or

Unit 4

Caution: Fragile World -- Handle with Care

Assessment Strategies	*Indicators of Learning	
		blog dealing with familiar subjects before publishing.
practices at home or school) using complete sentences that are connected to each other within expository paragraphs.	W2.1	Prewrites an expository paragraph about sustainable practices at home or school.
	W2.2	Drafts an expository paragraph about sustainable practices at home or school.
	W2.3	Revises an expository paragraph about sustainable practices at home or school with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order and punctuation.
	W2.4	Edits an expository paragraph about sustainable practices at home or school before publishing.

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular** con la colaboración de Camille Campbell. *Response Volunteer.* **Peace Corps Costa Rica**

Unit 5 **#High Tech High Touch** *Indicators of Learning **Assessment Strategies** L.1. 1 Identifies the topic in many television, radio, and web-based broadcasts/ announcements dealing with subjects of interest if the L.1. recognizes many television, radio, people talk clearly. and web-based broadcasts/ Recognizes the main idea and specific details in many television, radio, L.1. 2 announcements. and web-based broadcasts/ announcements dealing with subjects of interest if the people talk clearly. L.2. 1 Identifies the topic when people speak at normal speed on familiar L.2. recognizes information from spoken topics. interactions spoken at normal speed. Recognizes specific details when people speak at normal speed on L.2. 2 familiar topics. L.3.1 Extracts the main idea of audio text if the topic is familiar and the text can be replayed. L.3. extracts the main idea and specific L.3.2 Recognizes specific details of audio text if the topic is familiar and the details and getting the gist of audio texts, text can be replayed. on familiar topics. L.3.3 Extracts the gist of audio text if the topic is familiar and the text can be replayed. R.1. recognizes factual text and simple R.1. 1 Recognizes different types of factual texts on familiar topics.

Unit 5

#High Tech High Touch

Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning
reports on familiar topics (e.g., movie review, interviews, meeting agendas).	R.1. 2	Recognizes the parts of a simple report on familiar topics.
R.2. manipulates English language	R.2. 1	Recognizes targeted words.
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R.2. 2	Articulates targeted words.
syllabification and word parts	R.2. 3	Produces the targeted words in sentences in an oral form with words.
R.3.interprets clear, simple instructions with some visual support (e.g., how to	R.3.1	Identifies specific clear, simple instructions with some visual support (e.g., how to use an app).
use an app).	R.3.2	Interprets specific clear, simple instructions (e.g., how to use an app). by using context clues and illustrations.
SI.1. asks questions about procedures.	SI.1. 1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about procedures.
	SI.2. 1	Initiates a conversation using greetings.
conversational exchange with a peer in	SI.2. 2	Sustains a conversation about social networks at work by using rejoinders, non-verbal cues and asking questions.
	SI.2. 3	Asks and answers for agreement and disagreement in given statements about social networks at work
	SI.2. 4	Closes the conversation about social networks at work.
SP.1. expresses opinions and asks for	SP.1. 1	Constructs sentences to give opinions about the digital world.

Unit 5			
#High Tech High Touch			
Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning	
others' opinions about the digital world.	SP.1. 2	Expresses ideas to give opinions about the digital world.	
SP.2. gives explanations and justifications on points of view, briefly.	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to explain or justify a point of view related to a software company in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.2.2	Constructs sentences to explain or justify a point of view related to a software company in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.2.3	Expresses ideas to explain or justify a point of view related to a software company in a well-organized presentation.	
	W1. 1	Prewrites details about a simple text dealing with familiar subjects.	
W.1. summarizes simple text dealing with familiar subjects.	W1. 2	Drafts a summary with details about simple text dealing with familiar subjects.	
	W1. 3	Revises a summary with details about simple text dealing with familiar subjects with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, indentation, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and content.	

Unit 5 #High Tech High Touch		
Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning
	W1. 4	Edits the summary with details about simple text dealing with familiar subjects before publishing.
W.2. writes expository paragraphs about tech tools (e.g., apps, video games, programs, tech tools), using complete sentences that are connected to each other.	W2.1	Collects information about a mobile hot app, a video game, a program, or a tech tool.
	W2.2	Writes sequential and logical ideas about a mobile hot app, a video game, a program, or a tech tool that includes an introductory, main body and concluding paragraph.
	W2.3	Revises the paragraph about a mobile hot app, a video game, a program, or a tech tool with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, indentation, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and content
	W2.4	Edits his/her paragraph about a mobile hot app, a video game, a program, or a tech tool before publishing.

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular** con la colaboración de Camille Campbell. *Response Volunteer.* **Peace Corps Costa Rica**

Unit 6						
	1	What Comes Next?				
Assessment Strategies	*Indicators of Learning					
L.1. recognizes when people speak at	L1. 1	Recognizes the topic when people speak at normal speed on familiar				
normal speed on familiar topics. There		topics.				
may be a need to repeat particular	L1. 2	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details when people speak				
words and phrases.		at normal speed on familiar topics.				
L.2. extracts the main idea of audio text	L2.1	Identifies the topic of audio text if the topic is familiar and the text can				
if the topic is familiar and the text can be replayed.		be replayed.				
	L2.2	Chooses the main idea and supporting details of audio text if the topic				
ropia, ca.		is familiar and the text can be replayed				
R.1. recognizes factual text and simple	R.1.1	Recognizes different types of factual texts on familiar topics.				
reports on familiar topics.	R.1.2	Recognizes the parts of a simple report on familiar topics.				
R.2. manipulates English language	R2. 1	Recognizes targeted words.				
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R2. 2	Articulates targeted words.				
syllabification and word parts.	R2. 3	Produces the targeted words in sentences in an oral form with words.				
	R.3.1	Identifies the topic of texts of various lengths as long as the words				
R.3. uses texts of various lengths as		used are familiar.				
long as the words used are familiar.	R.3.2	Identifies key words of texts of various lengths as long as the words				
iong as the words used are idifillial.		used are familiar.				
	R.3.3	Chooses the main idea and specific details in texts of various lengths				

Unit 6							
	1	What Comes Next?					
Assessment Strategies	*Indicators of Learning						
		as long as the words used are familiar.					
	R.4.1	Identifies the topic in texts of various lengths as long as the words used					
		are familiar and/ or concern areas of student interest.					
R.4. interprets texts of various lengths as long as the words used are familiar and/	R.4.2	Recognizes the text structure in texts of various lengths as long as the					
		words used are familiar and/ or concern areas of student interest.					
	R.4.3	Chooses the main idea in paragraphs or sections of texts of various					
		lengths as long as the words used are familiar and/ or concern areas of					
or concern areas of student interest.		student interest.					
	R.4.4	Extracts supporting details in paragraphs or sections of texts of various					
		lengths as long as the words used are familiar and/ or concern areas of					
		student interest.					
	R.4.5	Draws conclusions from texts of various lengths as long as the words					
		used are familiar and/ or concern areas of student interest.					
	SI.1. 1	Prepares questions for an interview about studying in Costa Rica or					
SI.1. interviews others if the questions		abroad.					
have been prepared beforehand.	SI.1.2	Exchanges personal experiences, feelings, opinions, and reactions					
		about studying in Costa Rica or abroad in an interview.					
SI.2. starts, sustains and closes a	SI.2. 1	Initiates a simple face-to-face conversation with a greeting.					

Unit 6						
	1	What Comes Next?				
Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning				
conversational exchange with a peer in	SI.2. 2	Sustains a conversation about studying in Costa Rica or abroad using				
the classroom when the topic is familiar.		rejoinders, non-verbal communication and asking questions.				
	SI.2. 3	Asks and answers for agreement and disagreement in given				
		statements about studying in Costa Rica or abroad.				
	SI.2. 4	Closes the conversation about studying in Costa Rica or abroad.				
	SP.1. 1	Selects the appropriate online information and visuals to give a well-				
		organized presentation about personal goals and intentions.				
	SP.1. 2	Organizes the online information and visuals to give a well-organized				
SP.1. describes personal goals and		about personal goals and intentions.				
intentions	SP.1. 3	Constructs sentences with the online information and with the				
		appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized				
		presentation about personal goals and intentions.				
	SP.1. 4	Gives a well-organized presentation about personal goals and				
		intentions.				
	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the language and content to express				
SP.2. expresses and asks for others'		opinions about studying in Costa Rica or abroad.				
opinions and needs.	SP.2.2	Expresses ideas to give opinions about studying in Costa Rica or				
		abroad.				
	SP.2.3	Asks for others' opinions about studying in Costa Rica or abroad.				

Unit 6							
	1	What Comes Next?					
Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning					
	SP.3.1	Investigates and determines the language and content to explain or					
		justify points of view, assumptions and plans briefly about products and					
		practices in Costa Rica.					
SP.3. explains and justifies points of	SP.3.2	Constructs sentences to explain to explain or justify points of view,					
view, assumptions, and plans, briefly.		assumptions and plans briefly about products and practices in Costa					
		Rica.					
	SP.3.3	Expresses ideas to explain points of view briefly about products and					
		practices in Costa Rica.					
	W.1. 1	Prewrites a paraphrase of a main idea dealing with familiar subjects.					
	W.1. 2	Drafts a paraphrase of a main idea using the appropriate linkers or					
W.1. restates a main idea in a few		connecting words.					
words.	W.1. 3	Revises a paraphrase of a main idea with a focus on subject-verb					
		agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text					
		structure, word order and punctuation.					
	W1. 4	Edits a paraphrase of a main idea before publishing.					
	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas based on a real event for a one-page report about					
W.2.writes a one-page report based on		graduating from school, getting interviewed or choosing a career.					
real events.	W.2.2	Drafts the report based on a real event for a one-page report about					

Unit 6 What Comes Next?							
Assessment Strategies		*Indicators of Learning					
		graduating from school, getting interviewed or choosing a career.					
	W.2.3 Revises the report based on a real event for a one-page report						
	graduating from school, getting interviewed or choosing a career w						
		focus on subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement,					
		sentence sense, text structure, word order and punctuation and					
		content.					
	W.2.4	Edits the report before publishing.					

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular** con la colaboración de Camille Campbell. *Response Volunteer.* **Peace Corps Costa Rica**

Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments

Instrumento 7°.8°.9° v	· 10° 11° años académico y bili	inaü	e /	Niv	el M	ódu	lo 4	6. M	lódu	ılo 7	1 -C	IND	EA/	IPE	C / I	NC	5
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Instrument for																
	Performance Measure																
	3= Achieved: Learner can																
	achieve the task without any																
Grade/ Level	difficulty. 2= In process : Learner can	<u> </u>															
Unit	achieve the task with some																
Jint	difficulty and needs																
	improvement.	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	Student name
	1= Not yet achieved:	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	Learner cannot achieve the	ent	ənt	ənt	ent	ənt	ənt	ent	ent	ent	ent	ent	ənt	ent	ent	ent	ent
	task.	Student name	Student name	Student name	pn	Student name	Student name	pn	Student name	Student name	Student name	pn	Student name	Student name	Student name	Student name	pn
Assessment Strategy	Indicators of learning	ऽऽ	St	St	Ş	St	St	Ş	Š	Sţ	Ş	St	St	Ş	Ş	<u>~</u>	St
Total																	
Porcentaje																	

Oral Performance Scale-San	nple (Oral F	Produ	ction)					
High School				Score:				
Summative instrument Allotted Time:	minutes			Total Points:				
Level: Seventh Grade	minutes			Gotten points: Percentage:				
Teacher:				Obtained Perce				
				Obtained i erec				
Date: Student`s name: Group:								
Scenario: Scenario: Enjoying Life								
Assessment Strategy SI.1. Asks and answers in a predictable pattern simple questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities if the other person speaks slowly and clearly.								
Description of linguistic task								
Indicators*	Points							
	per indicator	N/A	1	2	3	4		
Uses information questions to ask about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	3		Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities. The student fails to ask for most of the information (He/she cannot control memorized language structures (question patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately sometimes. The student asks information about some of the elements. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (question patterns), to be somehow understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately and with ease. The student gets to ask for information about all the elements. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (question patterns)			
Makes complete sentences to answer information questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	4		Answers were incomplete He/she hardly answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she cannot identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Answers were partially accomplished. He/she sometimes answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can partially identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns) to be somehow understood.	Answers were accomplished. Most of the time, he/she answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns) at most times.	Answers were successfully accomplished. He/she, at all times, answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can consistently identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns)		

*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:					

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular.

Oral Performance Scale-Sample (Oral Production)

Dos Cercas High School

Summative instrument

Allotted Time: _____ minutes

Level: Eighth Grade

Teacher: ____ Obtained Percentage: ____ %

Out of the point of the point of the product of

Scenario: Something to Celebrate!

Assessment Strategy SI.2. Asks and answers about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.

Description of linguistic task Information exchange (2 minutes)

You are participating in an international school summer camp. You were asked to talk about favorite holidays or celebrations around the world. Choose one and talk about when and where it is celebrated, special food, activities. Use pictures to talk about it and ask questions to the teacher or classmates. Answer a couple of questions from your teacher or classmates.

Indicators*	Points		your teacher or classifiates.			
maicators	per indicator	N/A	1	2	3	4
Asks questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	3		Asks questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World with a lot of difficulty. The student fails to ask for most of the information (He/she cannot control memorized language structures (question patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Asks questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately sometimes. The student asks information about some of the elements. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (question patterns), to be somehow understood.	Asks questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately and with ease. The student gets to ask for information about all the elements. He/she can consistently control basic language structures	
Answers questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	4		Answers were incomplete He/she hardly answers questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately when asked. He/she cannot identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Answers were partially accomplished. He/she sometimes answers questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately when asked. He/she can partially identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns) to be somehow understood.	(question patterns) Answers were accomplished. Most of the time, he/she answers questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately when asked. He/she can identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns) at most	Answers were successfully accomplished. He/she, at all times, answers questions about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World appropriately when asked. He/she can consistently identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns)

				times.	
Gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	3	The task was incomplete He/she hardly gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World. He/she cannot control memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood	The task was partially accomplished. He/she somewhat gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by either talking about the holiday or festival name or date of celebration. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (sentence pattern), to be somehow understood	The task was successfully accomplished. He/she gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by talking about when and where they are celebrated, special food, activities. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (sentence patterns)	
*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	·
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	

Propuesta elaborada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Alfredo Ortega Cordero. Asesores Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular, 2021.**

^{*}The indicators related to pronunciation, fluency and sociolinguistic appropriateness were constructed to measure overall achievement. They must be present in all instruments related to Spoken Interaction and Spoken production as required.

References

- Curriculum Services Canada, A Guide to Reflective Practice for Core French Teachers, The Action-Oriented Approach. Module 3. Ministry of Education and the Government of Canada through the Department of Canadian Heritage.
- Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (2003). Cambridge, U.K.: Press Syndicate of the University of Cambridge.
- Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (2018). Cambridge, U.K.: Press Syndicate of the University of Cambridge.
- Frade, L. (2009) Desarrollo de Competencias en Educación. Inteligencia Educativa. 2 edición (295-402)
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2021). Lineamientos técnicos para el proceso de evaluación, curso lectivo 2021. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2021). Mediación Pedagógica para la Educación Combinada, curso lectivo 2021. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2016). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada Académico. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2017). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Plan de Estudios Liceo Bilingüe Secciones Bilingües español –Inglés Tercer Ciclo. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2020). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Plan de Estudios Liceo Bilingüe Secciones Bilingües español –Inglés Educación Diversificada. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- https://www.orientacionandujar.es/2016/11/06/taxonomia-robert-marzano-verbos-recomendados-indicadores-niveles-cognitivos/