

#### Comisión redactora

#### Mag. Marianella Granados Sirias,

Asesora Nacional de Inglés, Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada

#### Mag. Andrea Cruz Badilla

Asesora Nacional de Inglés, Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada

#### Validación

#### **Camille Ann Campbell**

Voluntaria de respuesta Cuerpo de Paz

Diseño de portada Noelia González Cascante

Dirección Regional de Educación Guápiles

#### **Table of Contents**

1.	Presentation	.3
2.	Aim of the document	.3
3.	Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators	4
4.	Indicators of Learning	5
5.	How to use this document	7
6.	How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan	8
7.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 1	12
8.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 2	15
9.	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 3	21
10	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 4	25
11	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 5	.29
12	Suggested Indicators of Learning Unit 6	.33
13	Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments	.38
14	References	.44

#### **Presentation**

grade.

This booklet provides English teachers of ninth grade with important information about indicators of learning for the pedagogical mediation. This school year, teachers must write their own indicators. This document intends to be another resource that teachers can or might use as a reference to write their own indicators for planning and assessment. It includes a sample instrument for registering In -Class Progress and performance scales for oral exams All the suggested indicators will help teachers to measure the goals, assessment strategies and the three learning strands (Learn to Know, Learn to Do, Learn to Be and Live in Community) set in the English curriculum when designing their lesson plans. As a result, learners can achieve the expected level of performance in the target language according to the CEFR. Remember to visit the resource site for ninth grade in which you can find videos, audios and the Teacher's Guide for ninth

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2019/sitio\_noveno\_ingles/index.html

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2019/sitio\_noveno\_ingles/videos.html

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2019/sitio\_noveno\_ingles/otros.html

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2019/sitio\_noveno\_ingles/audios.html

#### Aim of this document:

a) To provide a list of indicators of learning per unit and for each linguistic competence for ninth grade.

#### Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators.

The CEFR defines communication as a social act, where learners are social agents, developing a range of general and specific communicative language competences, moving from learning about the language to learning to communicate in the language in active, spontaneous, and authentic language interaction. Most of the tasks to be accomplished have a meaningful communication objective, for example, solving a problem in a given scenario.

The CEFR defines competences as "the sum of knowledge, skills and characteristics that allow a person to perform actions in society (p.9). They are comprised of general and specific competences as shown in the following graphic organizer. General competences consist of knowledge, skills, and abilities to learn and existential competences that are not language-specific, but learners use them when performing all kinds of actions including language activities.





#### **INDICATORS OF LEARNING**

CEFR has different proficiency levels for each linguistic competence. In the English curriculum, these levels can be seen in the goals and the assessment strategies for each scenario. Measuring linguistic competences is an essential part of classroom assessment. It provides an objective, valid, reliable and meaningful balance to know what learners are achieving.

## How can we make sure a learner is reaching the desired achievement level?

By constructing and using indicators of learning.



#### How do we write indicators?



\* The condition element is present in numerous descriptors for each level in the CEFR. In the English curriculum, this aspect is present in the goals for each linguistic competence. Therefore, indicators of learning must be written considering this feature.



### How many indicators do we write per assessment strategy?

- This actually depends on the complexity of the competence.
- There are some that only need one or two achievement indicators, others twice as much.
- There is no recipe that says how many indicators should be written for each competence.



## How many achievement levels do we have? We have three levels: Achieved, In progress and Not yet achieved.

Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the task.

In process: Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.

Achieved: Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.

#### How to use this document

- 1) Keep in mind that indicators have the following characteristics: measurable, observable and specific.
- 2) Indicators of learning are organized by unit, then by each assessment strategy from the curriculum.
- 3) Identify the goal and assessment strategy that you will be using. Remember, a goal is a can- do performance descriptor while an assessment strategy provides evidence of learner's learning outcomes.
- 4) Use indicators of learning throughout each unit to monitor students' progress and make the corresponding mediation changes if necessary.
- 5) The indicators of learning for each assessment strategy are arranged in sequential order for students to perform them appropriately.
- 6) Remember that the Pre-teaching Stage **must not** have indicators of learning. They are strictly related to the suggested mediation sequence for each linguistic competence.

#### How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan

- a. While teaching (Oral Comprehension, Written Comprehension, Oral Production, Written Production), remember that there should be a connection between the goals, assessment strategies, indicators of learning, and pedagogical mediation for each competence.
- b. The written indicators for each assessment strategy and goal must be incorporated in your lesson plan.
  They are scaffolded to ensure the learner achieves the assessment strategy and ultimately develops competency.
- c. In the example below, with only one audio, all the indicators written for the assessment strategy were incorporated in the pedagogical mediation. This means you need to include all the indicators when planning, not only the ones you want to work with. They are written as small, essential steps that help to achieve the assessment strategy, the goal and finally to develop competency.
- d. See the following example to integrate the indicators to your lesson plans.

Learner	Learner can	Oral Comprehension	5′			
L.1. distinguishes the main points and the important details of audio recordings.		Pre-listening Learners match words with their corresponding meaning in a copy given by the teacher. She/he explains that those words are going to be found in the next listening activity. Teacher asks learners for the pronunciation of the words and reinforces it if necessary.  Teacher explains that they are going to listen to a conversation between a man and his wife, and they have to pay attention to what they are talking about.				
	ingredients for healthy living, positive attitude, plans for success, and stories of successful people.	Pre listening  Column A contains words from the next listening activity and Column B contains their corresponding definition. Match definitions in Column B with their corresponding word in Column A.  Column B  cardiovascular system (noun) ( ) 1. a word showing disbelief  fridge (noun) ( ) 2. begin or start  hon (pronoun): ( ) 3. a medical examination  cut back on (phrasal verb): ( ) 4. short for "refrigerator"  take up (phrasal verb): ( ) 5. your body's blood circulation system including your heart, veins, and arteries  physical (noun) ( ) 6. short for "honey"  Humph (exclamation) ( ) 7. to reduce	5′			
		Learners compare answers and teacher checks them out loud.				
Indicator of learning:		Listening for the first time  Learners listen to a conversation taken from <a href="https://www.esl-lab.com/intermediate/healthy-lifestyle/">https://www.esl-lab.com/intermediate/healthy-lifestyle/</a> . Teacher can download the audio from <a href="https://www.esl-lab.com/quizzes/healthylifestyle-cloze.htm">https://www.esl-lab.com/quizzes/healthylifestyle-cloze.htm</a> Learners listen to the conversation for the first time and complete the following statements.	5′			

L.1.1 Gets main points of audio recordings about healthy living.	Listen to the conversation and complete the statements.  The man wants to	10′
	Pair /Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.  With the information they got from the audio, learners, in pairs, have to choose the topic of the conversation. Teacher writes on the board the three options.  • My wife's recommendations	
	Loving diet and exercise	22′
	Orally, learners should give at least two supporting details that helped them to choose that topic.  Pair/Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	
	and the control of th	

L.1.2 Recognizes the topic Listening for the second time of the conversation about Learners listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. recommendations to get a healthy lifestyle. Listening for the Second time. Listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. Man: Honey, the basketball game is about to \_\_\_ \_\_And could you bring some chips and a bowl of ice cream? And . . . uh . . . a slice of \_\_\_\_ the fridge. Woman: Anything else? Man: Nope, that's all for now. Hey, hon, you know, they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining. What do you think? L.1.3 Identifies some Man: "Humph" What do you mean "Humph." I was the star supporting details in audio high school. recordings about healthy Woman: Yeah, twenty-five years ago. Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court. living. \_\_\_I just **abandon** the idea? I'm not Man: So, what are you suggesting? \_\_\_\_ 25 that out of shape. Woman: Well . . . you ought to at least have a physical before you begin. I mean, it HAS been at least \_\_\_\_years since you played at all. Man: Well, okay, but . . . Woman: And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods, like ice cream. And you should try eating more fresh Man: Yeah, you're probably right. Woman: And you should \_\_ \_ a little weight training to strengthen your muscles or perhaps try cycling to build up your cardiovascular system. Oh, L.1.4 Identifies key words and you need to go to \_\_\_\_\_early instead of watching TV half the night. in audio recordings about Man: Hey, you're starting to sound like my personal \_\_\_ Woman: No, I just love you, and I want you to be around for a long, long healthy living. Learners check answers with their elbow partner. Post-listening Learners are asked to think about three things they need to change right now to have a healthy lifestyle. They should write their ideas on a piece of paper and stick it on the |5| wall (as a reminder of things that need to be changed)

Unit 1				
Scenario: Time to Have Fun!				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
L.1. recognizes specific information when people speak at normal speed about leisure activities.	L.1.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details from a conversation about leisure activities in conversations.		
L.2. discriminates main ideas and key	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea in audio announces or teacher explanations about leisure activities.		
points.	L.2.2	Recognizes supporting details in audio announces or teacher explanations about leisure activities.		
R.1. extracts the important information in simple, clearly drafted print materials.	R1.1	Extracts the main idea and supporting details in simple, clearly drafted print materials about leisure activities.		
	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.		
R.2. identifies English language sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds in sounds.		
syllabification and word parts	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.		
R.3. distinguishes important information.	R3.1	Recognizes important information on the label of packages (directions for use or instructions for preparation).		
R.4. extracts the main points and supporting details in simple, clearly	R4.1	Extracts the main idea in clearly drafted print materials (school handouts, brochures, letters and messages or newspapers).		

drafted print materials.	R4.2	Demonstrates comprehension of supporting details by answering
		literal questions in clearly drafted print materials (school
		handouts, brochures, letters and messages or newspapers).
SI.1. discusses different things to do for	SI.1.1	Asks and answers questions about free time activities in short conversations.
fun.	SI.1.2	Uses verbal and nonverbal cues to ensure equal participation by all members in short conversations.
SI.2. asks questions about experiences, events, past experiences	SI.2.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about experiences, events, past experiences in short exchanges.
SI.2. answers questions about experiences, events, past experiences.	SI.2.2.2	Constructs complete sentences to answer yes/no and whquestions about experiences, events, past experiences in short exchanges.
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to give a presentation about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.
SP.1. describes experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise,	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.
sports and games.	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.
	SP1.4	Presents a well-organized description about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.

	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and
		visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or
		book and indicates opinion.
	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation
SP.2. describes what is occurring in a film or book and indicates his/her		about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
personal opinion.	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate
personal opinion.		linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation
		about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
	SP2.4	Presents a well-organized description about what is occurring in a
		film or book and indicates opinion.
	W1.1	Provinted a list of ideas that include paragral experiences
	VV 1. 1	Prewrites a list of ideas that include personal experiences-
	W1.2	Drafts a description with the listed ideas and with the appropriate
W.1. writes a short description of		linkers or connecting words about personal experiences.
personal experiences without using an aid, such as a dictionary.	W1.3	Revises the description by looking for mistakes related to subject-
aiu, sucii as a dictionary.		verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, use of commas and content.
	W1.4	Edits the description before publishing.

.

UNIT 2				
Scenario: Online & Connected				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
L.1. identifies some colloquial	L.1.1	Identifies colloquial expressions in audio texts related to media,		
expressions related to media, virtual		virtual communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or		
communities, apps and media safety.		drawings.		
	L.2.1	Extracts the main idea of audio texts about media, virtual		
L.2. extracts the main idea and key		communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or		
points/details of audio text if the topic is		drawings.		
familiar and the text can be replayed	L.2.2	Selects supporting details in audio texts about media, virtual		
		communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or		
		drawings.		
R.1. discriminates simple instructions	R1.1	Recognizes simple instructions with some visual support about		
with some visual support (e.g., safe use		the safe use of social networks.		
of social networks).				
	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.		
R.2. manipulates English language	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.		
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	114.4	Attioulates the targeted sounds.		
syllabification and word parts.	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written		
		form.		

UNIT 2				
Scenario: Online & Connected				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
R.3. distinguishes between factual and	R3.1	Distinguishes information related to facts or fiction from a text		
fictional text.		about media, virtual communities, apps, and media safety.		
SI.1.1 asks for opinions about the latest	SI.1.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask for opinions about		
media, virtual communities, and apps.		the latest media, virtual communities, and apps.		
SI.1.2 gives opinions about the latest	SI.1.2.1	Constructs complete sentences to give opinions about the latest		
media, virtual communities, and apps.		media, virtual communities, and apps.		
SI.2. expresses comments about media,	SI.2.1	Expresses ideas to comment on media, virtual communities,		
virtual communities, apps and safety		apps, and safety in a small group situation.		
and otherwise contributes, in a small				
group situation.				
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and		
		visuals to give a presentation about media, apps, virtual		
		communities, and networks.		
SP.1. describes media, apps, virtual	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation		
communities and networks.	OF 1.2			
		about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the		
		appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized		

UNIT 2				
Scenario: Online & Connected				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
		presentation about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
	SP1.4	Presents a well-organized description about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
SP.2. describes experiences with media, apps, virtual communities and	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		
	SP2.4	Presents a well-organized description about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.		

UNIT 2			
	Scenario:	Online & Connected	
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
SP.3. summarizes a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities and networks relying on language used in the story.	SP3.1 SP3.2 SP3.3	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.  Organizes the information and visuals to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks  Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.	
W.1. writes about an event using	SP4.4 W1.1	Presents a well-organized summary of a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.  Prewrites a list of ideas about an event that include characters,	
simple, coherent, and well-written sentences.	W1.2	plot and setting.  Drafts a narrative paragraph with the listed ideas about an event including linkers: sequential-past time and discourse markers. (on	

UNIT 2				
Scenario: Online & Connected				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
		the other hand, however)		
	W1.3	Revises a narrative paragraph about an event with a focus on subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, use of commas, use of linkers: sequential-past time and discourse markers. (on the other hand, however).		
	W1.4	Edits a narrative paragraph about an event before publishing.		
	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or networks.		
W.2. writes an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or networks.	W2.2	Drafts an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or networks including subject, sender, date and time, received on, reply- to, recipient to, recipient email address, body with the appropriate linkers or connecting words and attachments.		
	W2.3	Revises an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or networks with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronouns and article agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, use of commas to punctuate, abbreviations.		

UNIT 2			
Scenario: Online & Connected			
Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning		Indicators of Learning	
	W2.4	Edits an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or	
		networks before publishing.	
		The the series publicating.	

UNIT 3			
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. gets the gist of a dialogue in a	L1.1	Identifies the topic of a dialogue in a movie, a trailer for a film or	
movie, a trailer for a film, or the events		in a news story supported by visuals.	
in a news story when the visuals	L1.2	Summarizes the events in a movie, a trailer for a film or in a news	
provide contextual support.		story supported by visuals.	
L.2. recognizes the main idea of an	L2.1	Recognizes the main idea in audio-visual presentations about a	
age-appropriate audio-visual		movie, a trailer for a film or the events in a news story.	
presentation.			
L.3. distinguishes the main idea in	L3.1	Recognizes the main idea in media presentations on familiar	
media presentations on familiar		events or places.	
events or places delivered clearly, and			
at a slow pace.			
R.1. identifies the important	R1.1	Identifies the specific details in T.V. guides, newspapers to	
information in simple, clearly drafted		answer literal questions such as who, why, what, when, which	
print materials such as T.V. guides,		and how.	
newspapers provided.			
R.2. manipulates English language	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	

UNIT 3		
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
syllabification and word parts.	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written
		form
R.3. extracts subject specific words	R3.1	Extracts subject specific words when encountered in text.
when encountered in text.		
R.4.discriminates the main idea and	R4.1	Recognizes the main idea in straightforward letters and physical
supporting details in straightforward		or electronic messages.
letters and physical electronic	R4.2	Recognizes supporting details in straightforward letters and
messages.		physical or electronic messages.
SI.1. starts, sustains and closes	SI1.1	Initiates a telephone conversation by greeting and making a
simple face to face or telephone		statement.
conversations with peers though	SI1.2	Sustains the telephone conversation by checking understanding
there may be some difficulty in		from the speaker's point of view or listener's point of view.
understanding and being understood	SI1.3	Sustains the telephone conversation by adding a new topic.
from time to time.	SI1.4	Closes the telephone conversation by using a leave-taking.
SP.1. describes what is occurring in a	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and
film or book and indicates his/her		visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or
personal opinion about it.		book and indicates an opinion.

UNIT 3		
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an his/her opinion about it.
	SP1.3	Makes sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an opinion about it.
	SP1.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an opinion about it.
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to dramatize a TV show/news.
SP.2. gives a short, prepared presentation dramatizing a TV show/news.	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to dramatize a TV show/news.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to dramatize a TV show/news.
	SP2.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about a TV show/news.
W.1. writes simple, short descriptions	W1.1	Prewrites a list of ideas that include personal experiences related
of TV programs, the best show,		to TV programs, the best show, documentaries, and news.

UNIT 3			
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
documentaries and news without	W1.2	Drafts a description with the listed ideas about TV programs, the	
using an aid, such as a dictionary.		best show, documentaries, and news using the appropriate	
		linkers or connecting words.	
	W1.3	Revises the description focusing on content and mistakes related	
		to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, and	
		basic punctuation.	
	W1.4	Edits the description before publishing.	
	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for a personal reaction to film reviews.	
	W2.2	Drafts a personal reaction with the listed ideas to film reviews	
		using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
W.2. writes personal reactions to film	W2.3	Revises a personal reaction to film reviews focusing on content	
reviews.		and by looking for mistakes related to subject-verb agreement,	
		capitalization, spelling, and use of commas.	
	W2.4	Edits a personal reaction to film reviews before publishing.	

Unit 4			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
L.1. identifies information in small	L.1. 1	Identifies the position of each speaker from a small group discussion	
group discussions between two or		between two or more native speakers in a video recording.	
more native speakers if that			
conversation is unhurried and if the			
student is familiar with the topic			
under discussion in a video			
recording.			
L.2. summarizes the main points of	L.2. 1	Identifies the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long	
a relatively long discussion if it		discussion if it concerns a familiar topic and if the people involved use	
concerns a familiar topic and if the		Standard English and do not speak too quickly.	
people involved use Standard	L.2.2	Summarizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long	
English and do not speak too		discussion with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
quickly.			
L.3. retells main ideas/concepts and	L.3.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in a news broadcast	
key points/details in a news		supported by visuals.	
broadcast (television, Internet) when	L.3. 2	Summarizes events presented in a sequential order including the main	
visuals support the message.		idea and supporting details.	
R.1. identifies relevant information	R.1.1	Identifies the main idea in news.	

Unit 4			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
and draws conclusions.	R.1.2	Draws conclusions from news.	
R.2. Recognizes English language	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
phonics, syllabification and word	11.2.2	/ inculates the targeted counce.	
parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written form	
R.3. Discriminates information in	R.3. 1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in factual texts, simple	
factual texts and simple reports on		reports, charts, graphs, movie review or interviews about national role	
familiar topics (e.g., charts and		models or outstanding figures to society.	
graphs, movie review, and			
interviews).			
SI.1. offers an opinion and	SI.1. 1	Gives opinions about outstanding figures' positive and questionable	
comments about outstanding		actions in readings, texts, reports, and breaking news examined in class	
figures' positive and questionable		in a small group situation.	
actions in readings, texts, reports,			
and breaking news examined in			
class in a small group situation.			
SI.2. interviews others about	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no and wh questions for an interview about nationally	

Unit 4				
	In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
nationally and internationally		and internationally outstanding figures.		
outstanding figures if the questions	SI.2.2	Exchanges personal experiences, feelings, opinions, and reactions about		
have been prepared beforehand.		nationally and internationally outstanding figures by participating in an		
Sometimes, pose a further question		interview.		
without having to pause very long to				
formulate the question.	SI.2.3	Asks further questions to expand the interview.		
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe personal and other people's stories of success in a well-organized presentation.		
SP.1. describes personal and other people's stories of success.	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe personal and other people's stories of success by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a well-organized presentation.		
	SP.1.3	Presents the description of personal and other people's stories of success in a well-organized presentation.		
SP.2. describes contributions of	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe		
nationally and internationally		contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures in a		
outstanding figures.		well-organized presentation.		

Unit 4			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.2.3	Presents the description of contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures in a well-organized presentation.	
W.1. writes a narrative paragraph of	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success.	
personal and other people's stories of success, checking written	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success	
sentences to look for mistakes (e.g., subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, basic	W.2.3	Revises a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation).	
punctuation, etc.).	W.2.4	Edits a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success before publishing it.	

Unit 5			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. recognizes main ideas and some key	L.1.1	Recognizes the main idea in conversations on television, radio, and web- based broadcasts /announcements.	
details in television, radio, and web- based broadcasts /announcements.	L.1.2	Recognizes key details in conversations on television, radio, and web- based broadcasts /announcements.	
L.2. discriminates the main points of a relatively long discussion about unexpected situations.	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long discussion about unexpected situations.	
L.3. retells main ideas/concepts and key	L.3.1 L.3.2	Recognizes the main idea in long discussions of unexpected situations.  Recognizes key points/details in long discussions of unexpected	
points/details.	L.J.Z	situations.	
	L.3.3	Summarizes what happened in long discussions of unexpected situations.	
R.1. distinguishes main ideas and some	R.1.1	Recognizes the main idea in texts of various lengths.	
key details in texts of various lengths.	R.1.2	Identifies key details in texts of various lengths.	
R.2. distinguishes English language	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
syllabification and word parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.	
R.3.interprets academic explanations.	R.3.1	Identifies the topic of an academic explanation.	

Unit 5			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	R.3.2	Recognizes the main idea in paragraphs or sections of an academic explanation	
	R.3.3	Extracts supporting details in paragraphs or sections of an academic explanation.	
	R.3.4	Draws conclusions from an academic explanation.	
SI.1. offers suggestions in unexpected situations.	SI.1.1	Uses expressions to give advice such as: "You should", "Why don't you", "Have you considered?", "How about?" in unexpected situations.	
SI.2.1 makes complaints.	SI.2.1.1 SI.2.1.2	Initiates a conversation politely with one of these phrases: "I'm sorry to bother you, but I" or "Excuse me, I wonder if you can help me"  Explains the problem using polite, respectful language in conversations.	
	SI.2.1.3	Asks for action to be taken on the complaint in conversations.	
SI.2.2 makes appointments.	SI.2.2.1	Greets the person who answers and asks to speak with someone.	
Oi.2.2 makes appointments.	SI.2.2.2 SI.2.2.3	Expresses the purpose for the call.  Agrees on the most convenient day and time for both parties.	
SI.3. interviews others about unexpected	SI.3.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions for an interview about unexpected	
situations if the questions have been		situations.	

Unit 5		
Unexpected Situations		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
prepared beforehand.	SI.3.2	Interviews others about personal experiences, feelings, opinions, or
		reactions from unexpected situations.
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to
		prepare a presentation to describe personal unexpected situations.
	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation to describe
SP.1. describes personal unexpected		personal unexpected situations.
situations.	SP.1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers
		or connecting words to give a presentation to describe personal
		unexpected situations.
	SP.1.4	Gives a well- organized presentation to describe personal unexpected
		situations.
	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to
		prepare a presentation to retell an unexpected situation read/heard in
SP.2. retells an unexpected		class.
situations read/heard in class.	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation to retell an
Situations read/neard in class.		unexpected situation read/heard in class.
	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers
		or connecting words to give a presentation to retell an unexpected

Unit 5			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
	SP.2.4 W.1.1	situation read/heard in class.  Gives a well- organized presentation to retell an unexpected situation read/heard in class.  Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph about a home emergency,	
W.1. writes a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday situation, appointments, or something you made a complaint about.	VV. I. I	everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint.	
	W.1.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W.1.3	Revises a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, phrases, clauses, capitalization, spelling, compound sentences, basic punctuation.	
	W.1.4	Edits a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint before publishing it.	

	Unit 6								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning							
L.1. distinguishes the main points of a		Recognizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long							
relatively long discussion if it concerns a		discussion if it concerns a familiar topic and if the people involved use							
familiar topic and if the people involved	L.1.1	Standard English and do not speak too quickly.							
use Standard English and do not speak									
too quickly.									
L.2. summarizes the most important	L.2. 1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in poems, comic strips,							
information about poems, comic strips,		biographies, and the moral of the story when visuals support the							
biographies and the moral of the story		message.							
when visuals support the message.	L.2.2	Recognizes the moral in poems, comic strips, biographies, and stories							
		when visuals support the message.							
	L.2.3	Summarizes the most important information about poems, comic strips,							
		biographies, and stories when visuals support the message.							
L.3. retells small group discussion		Selects the appropriate information from a video recording to recap a							
between two or more native speakers, if	L.3.1	small group discussion between two or more native speakers, if that							
that conversation is unhurried and if the		conversation is unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under							
student is familiar with the topic under		discussion.							
discussion in a video recording.	L.3. 2	Organizes the information from a video recording to recap a small group							

	Unit 6							
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind						
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning						
		discussion between two or more native speakers, if that conversation is						
		unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under discussion.						
		Formulates sentences from a video recording to recap a small group						
	L.3. 3	discussion between two or more native speakers, if that conversation is						
		unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under discussion.						
		Summarizes a small group discussion between two or more native						
	L.3.4	speakers, if that conversation is unhurried and if the student is familiar						
		with the topic.						
	R.1.1	Demonstrates comprehension of the main idea in paragraphs or sections						
R.1. recognizes relevant information to		of textbooks.						
draw conclusions.	R.1.2	Recognizes supporting details in paragraphs or sections of textbooks.						
	R.1.3	Draws conclusions from paragraphs or sections of textbooks.						
R.2. recognizes English language sounds	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.						
using knowledge in phonics,	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.						
syllabification and word parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.						
R.3. discriminates information in factual	R.3.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in factual texts or simple						
texts and simple reports on familiar		reports on familiar topics.						
topics.								

	Unit 6								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning							
SI.1. offers an opinion about Haikus,	SI.1.1	Gives opinions with complete sentences about Haikus, comic strips,							
comic strips, biographies and Costa		biographies or Costa Rican legends examined in class.							
Rican legends examined in class.									
SI.2. interviews others about biographies	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no and wh questions for an interview about biographies or							
and Costa Rican legends if the questions		Costa Rican legends.							
have been prepared beforehand.	SI.2.2	Interviews others about personal experiences, feelings, opinions or							
		reactions about biographies or Costa Rican legends.							
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to talk							
		about his/her favorite comic strips in a well-organized description.							
	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a well-organized description							
SP.1. describes his/her favorite comic		about his/her favorite comic strips.							
strips.	_	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers							
	SP.1.3	or connecting words to give a well-organized description about his/her							
		favorite comic strips.							
	SP.1.4	Presents a well-organized description of his/her favorite comic strips.							
	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to give a							
SP.2. describes biographies of national	OI .Z.1	presentation about national and international writers.							
and international writers.	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about							

	Unit 6								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning								
		national and international writers.							
	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a description of national and international writers in a presentation.							
	SP.2.4	Gives a well-organized presentation to describe national and international writers' biographies.							
	SP.3.1	SP.3.1 Identifies characters in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.2	Recognizes specific characteristics of characters in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
SP.3. retells a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.	SP.3.3	Recognizes the main problem/ conflict in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.4	Describes the problem/ conflict' solution in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.5	Summarizes the events from a legend read/heard in class including characters, problem/ conflict, and the problem/ conflict' solution.							
W.1. writes narrative paragraphs of famous Costa Rican legends.	W.1.1	Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph of a famous Costa Rican legend.							
ramous costa Moan legenus.	W.1.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph of a famous Costa Rican							

Unit 6 Open a Book, Open Your Mind								
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning							
		legend by using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.						
	W.1.3	Revises the narrative paragraph focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.						
	W.1.4	Edits the narrative paragraph before publishing it.						
	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a biography of a famous Costa Rican or international writer or author.						
W.2. writes biographies of famous Costa Rican or international writers or authors.	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a biography of a famous Costa Rican or international writer or author using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.						
	W.2.3	Revises the biography focusing on content and subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.						
	W.2.4	Edits the biography before publishing it.						

# Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments

Instrumento 7°.8°.9° v	v 10° 11° años  académico y bil	inaü	e /	Niv	el M	ódu	lo 4	6. M	lódu	ılo 7	'1 -C	IND	EA/	IPE	C/	INC	0
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Instrument for																
Grade/ Level Unit	Performance Measure  3= Achieved: Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.  2= In process: Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.  1= Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the	Student name									Student name	ent name	Student name				
Assessment Strategy	lndicators of learning	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud	Stud
																$\vdash$	
Total																	
Porcentaje																	

Level: Seventh Grade Teacher:	Score:   Total Points:									
	Date:           Student`s name:    Group:  Group:									
Scenario:	Scenario:	Enjoy	ing Life							
<b>Assessment Strategy</b>	SI.1. Asks a slowly and			le questions about daily routines, eating	g habits, hobbies and hanging ou	ut activities if the other person speaks				
Description of linguistic task	You met a thanging ou	friend o		of the country. You both would like to ki virtual call to share some information. (						
Indicators*	Points		1							
	per indicator	N/A	1	2	3	4				
Uses information questions to ask about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	3		Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities. The student fails to ask for most of the information (He/she cannot control memorized language structures (question patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately sometimes. The student asks information about some of the elements. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (question patterns), to be somehow understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately and with ease. The student gets to ask for information about all the elements. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (question patterns)					
Makes complete sentences to answer information questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	4		Answers were incomplete He/she hardly answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she cannot identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Answers were partially accomplished. He/she sometimes answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can partially identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns) to be somehow understood.	Answers were accomplished. Most of the time, he/she answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns) at most times.	Answers were successfully accomplished. He/she, at all times, answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can consistently identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns)				

*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	·
*Pronounces the target language correctly  *Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes) Sometimes stresses individual words	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)  Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
·		correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:	•				

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular.

Oral Performance Scale-Sample (Oral Production)

Dos Cercas High School

Summative instrument

Allotted Time: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes

Level: Eighth Grade

Teacher: \_\_\_\_ Obtained Percentage: \_\_\_\_ %

Outside Percentage: \_\_\_\_ %

Student`s name: \_\_\_\_ Group: \_\_\_\_ %

Scenario: Something to Celebrate!

**Assessment Strategy** SI.2. Asks and answers about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.

Description of linguistic task Information exchange (2 minutes)

You are participating in an international school summer camp. You were asked to talk about favorite holidays or celebrations around the world. Choose one and talk about when and where it is celebrated, special food, activities. Use pictures to talk about it and ask questions to the teacher or classmates. Answer a couple of questions from your teacher or classmates.

		3 110111	Tour teacher or classifiates.			
Indicators*	Points					
	per	N/A	1	2	3	4
	indicator					
Asks questions about	3		Asks questions about holidays	Asks questions about holidays and	Asks questions about	
holidays and festivals in			and festivals in Costa Rica,	festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	holidays and festivals in	
Costa Rica, Latin America and			Latin America and around the	America and around the World	Costa Rica, Latin America	
around the World.			World with a lot of difficulty.	appropriately sometimes. The	and around the World	
			The student fails to ask for	student asks information about	appropriately and with ease.	
			most of the information (He/she	some of the elements. He/she can	The student gets to ask for	
			cannot control memorized	partially control memorized	information about all the	
			language structures (question	language structures	elements. He/she can	
			patterns), so it is hard to be	(question patterns), to be somehow	consistently control basic	
			understood.	understood.	language structures	
					(question patterns)	
Answers questions about	4		Answers were incomplete	Answers were partially	Answers were	Answers were successfully
holidays and festivals in			He/she hardly answers	accomplished. He/she sometimes	accomplished. Most of the	accomplished. He/she, at all
Costa Rica, Latin America and			questions about holidays and	answers questions about holidays	time, he/she answers	times, answers questions about
around the World.			festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	questions about holidays	holidays and festivals in Costa
			America and around the World	America and around the World	and festivals in Costa Rica,	Rica, Latin America and around
			appropriately when asked.	appropriately when asked. He/she	Latin America and around	the World appropriately when
			He/she cannot identify the	can partially identify the question	the World appropriately	asked.
			question word and helping verb	word and helping verb to provide	when asked.	He/she can consistently identify
			to provide an answer with	an answer with control of	He/she can identify question	question words, helping verb and
			control of memorized language	memorized language structures	words, helping verb and	basic language structures
			structures (sentence patterns),	(sentence patterns) to be somehow	basic language structures	(sentence patterns)
			so it is hard to be understood.	understood.	(sentence patterns) at most	

				times.	
Gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	3	The task was incomplete He/she hardly gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World. He/she cannot control memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood	The task was partially accomplished. He/she somewhat gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by either talking about the holiday or festival name or date of celebration. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (sentence pattern), to be somehow understood	The task was successfully accomplished. He/she gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by talking about when and where they are celebrated, special food, activities. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (sentence patterns)	
*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:					

<sup>\*</sup>The indicators related to pronunciation, fluency and sociolinguistic appropriateness were constructed to measure overall achievement. They must be present in all instruments related to Spoken Interaction and Spoken production as required.

Propuesta elaborada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Alfredo Ortega Cordero. Asesores Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular, 2021.** 

#### References

- Curriculum Services Canada, A Guide to Reflective Practice for Core French Teachers, The Action-Oriented Approach. Module 3.

  Ministry of Education and the Government of Canada through the Department of Canadian Heritage.
- Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (2003). Cambridge, U.K.: Press Syndicate of the University of Cambridge.
- Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (2018). Cambridge, U.K.: Press Syndicate of the University of Cambridge.
- Frade, L. (2009) Desarrollo de Competencias en Educación. Inteligencia Educativa. 2 edición (295-402)
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2021). Lineamientos técnicos para el proceso de evaluación, curso lectivo 2021. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2021). Mediación Pedagógica para la Educación Combinada, curso lectivo 2021. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2016). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada Académico. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2017). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Plan de Estudios Liceo Bilingüe Secciones Bilingües español –Inglés Tercer Ciclo. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- Ministerio de Educación Pública (2020). Programa de Estudio de Inglés Plan de Estudios Liceo Bilingüe Secciones Bilingües español –Inglés Educación Diversificada. San José, Costa Rica: MEP.
- https://www.orientacionandujar.es/2016/11/06/taxonomia-robert-marzano-verbos-recomendados-indicadores-niveles-cognitivos/