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Presentation

This booklet provides English teachers of eleventh grade with important information about suggested indicators of learning for the pedagogical mediation. This school year, teachers must write their own indicators. This document intends to be another resource that teachers can or might use as a reference to write their own indicators for planning and assessment. It includes a sample instrument for registering In -Class Progress and performance scales for oral exams. All the suggested indicators will help teachers to measure the goals, assessment strategies and the three learning strands (Learn to Know, Learn to Do, Learn to Be and Live in Community) set in the English curriculum when designing their lesson plans. As a result, learners can achieve the expected level of performance in the target language according to the CEFR.

Remember to visit the resource site for eleventh grade in which you can find videos, audios and the Teacher's Guide for eleventh grade.

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2021/sitio_quinto_ingles/

Aim of this document:

a) To provide a list of indicators of learning per unit and for each linguistic competence for eleventh grade.

b) Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators.

The CEFR defines communication as a social act, where learners are social agents, developing a range of general and specific communicative language competences, moving from learning about the language to learning to communicate in the language in active, spontaneous, and authentic language interaction. Most of the tasks to be accomplished have a meaningful communication objective, for example, solving a problem in a given scenario.

The CEFR defines competences as "the sum of knowledge, skills and characteristics that allow a person to perform actions in society (p.9). They are comprised of general and specific competences as shown in the following graphic organizer. General competences consist of knowledge, skills, and abilities to learn and existential competences that are not language-specific, but learners use them when performing all kinds of actions including language activities.





INDICATORS OF LEARNING

CEFR has different proficiency levels for each linguistic competence. In the English curriculum, these levels can be seen in the goals and the assessment strategies for each scenario. Measuring linguistic competences is an essential part of classroom assessment. It provides an objective, valid, reliable and meaningful balance to know what learners are achieving.

How can we make sure a learner is reaching the desired achievement level?

By constructing and using indicators of learning.



How do we write indicators?



* The condition element is present in numerous descriptors for each level in the CEFR. In the English curriculum, this aspect is present in the goals for each linguistic competence. Therefore, indicators of learning must be written considering this feature.



How many indicators do we write per assessment strategy?

- This actually depends on the complexity of the competence.
- There are some that only need one or two achievement indicators, others twice as much.
- There is no recipe that says how many indicators should be written for each competence.



How many achievement levels do we have? We have three levels: Achieved, In progress and Not yet achieved.

Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the task.

In process: Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.

Achieved: Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.

How to use this document

- 1) Keep in mind that indicators have the following characteristics: measurable, observable and specific.
- 2) Indicators of learning are organized by unit, then by each assessment strategy from the curriculum.
- 3) Identify the goal and assessment strategy that you will be using. Remember, a goal is a can- do performance descriptor while an assessment strategy provides evidence of learner's learning outcomes.
- 4) Use indicators of learning throughout each unit to monitor students' progress and make the corresponding mediation changes if necessary.
- 5) The indicators of learning for each assessment strategy are arranged in sequential order for students to perform them appropriately.
- 6) Remember that the Pre-teaching Stage **must not** have indicators of learning. They are strictly related to the suggested mediation sequence for each linguistic competence.

How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan

- a. While teaching (Oral Comprehension, Written Comprehension, Oral Production, Written Production), remember that there should be a connection between the goals, assessment strategies, indicators of learning, and pedagogical mediation for each competence.
- b. The written indicators for each assessment strategy and goal must be incorporated in your lesson plan.
 They are scaffolded to ensure the learner achieves the assessment strategy and ultimately develops competency.
- c. In the example below, with only one audio, all the indicators written for the assessment strategy were incorporated in the pedagogical mediation. This means you need to include all the indicators when planning, not only the ones you want to work with. They are written as small, essential steps that help to achieve the assessment strategy, the goal and finally to develop competency.
- d. See the following example to integrate the indicators to your lesson plans.

Learner	Learner can	Oral Comprehension 5				
L.1. distinguishes the main points and the important details of audio recordings.		earners match words with their corresponding meaning in a copy given by the eacher. She/he explains that those words are going to be found in the next listening ctivity. Teacher asks learners for the pronunciation of the words and reinforces it if ecessary. Teacher explains that they are going to listen to a conversation between a man and is wife, and they have to pay attention to what they are talking about.				
	ingredients for healthy living,	Pre listening Column A contains words from the next listening activity and Column B contains their corresponding definition. Match definitions in Column B with their corresponding word in Column A.	5′			
	positive attitude,	Column A Column B				
	plans for success,	cardiovascular system (noun) () 1. a word showing disbelief				
	and stories of successful people.	fridge (noun) () 2. begin or start hon (pronoun): () 3. a medical examination				
	, ,	cut back on (phrasal verb): () 4. short for "refrigerator"				
		take up (phrasal verb): () 5. your body's blood circulation system including your heart, veins, and arteries				
		physical (noun) () 6. short for "honey"				
		Humph (exclamation) () 7. to reduce				
		Learners compare answers and teacher checks them out loud.				
		Listening for the first time				
		Learners listen to a conversation taken from https://www.esl-	5´			
	lab.com/intermediate/healthy-lifestyle/. Teacher can download the audio https://www.esl-lab.com/quizzes/healthylifestyle-cloze.htm					
Indicator of learning:		Learners listen to the conversation for the first time and complete the following statements.				
		Statements.				

L.1.1 Gets main points of		
audio recordings about	Listen to the conversation and complete the statements. The man wants to	
healthy living.		10′
	The woman is worried that	
	 □ her husband's health isn't good □ the man works too much □ her husband is becoming a fitness freak 	
	First, the woman suggests that her husband	
	□ visit with a fitness trainer □ start with light workouts □ see a doctor	
	Her husband should	
	☐ consume less salt ☐ eat more protein ☐ eat less fatty foods	
	The man's wife recommend cycling because it	
	Pair /Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	
	With the information they got from the audio, learners, in pairs, have to choose the	
	topic of the conversation. Teacher writes on the board the three options.	
	My wife's recommendations	
	 Recommendations to be a fitness freak 	
	Loving diet and exercise	22′
	Orally, learners should give at least two supporting details that helped them to choose that topic.	
	Pair/Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	
L.1.2 Recognizes the topic	Listening for the second time	
of the conversation about	Eistering for the second time	

recommendations to get a Learners listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. healthy lifestyle. Listening for the Second time. Listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. Man: Honey, the basketball game is about to __ And could you bring some chips and a bowl of ice cream? And . . . uh . . . a slice of ___ the **fridge**. Woman: Anything else? Man: Nope, that's all for now. Hey, hon, you know, they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining. What do you think? L.1.3 Identifies some supporting details in audio Man: "Humph" What do you mean "Humph." I was the star_ recordings about healthy Woman: Yeah, twenty-five years ago. Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court. living. Man: So, what are you suggesting? _____I just abandon the idea? I'm not that out of shape. Woman: Well . . . you ought to at least have a physical before you begin. I mean, it HAS been at least ___ ____years since you played at all. 25′ Man: Well, okay, but . . . Woman: And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods, like ice cream. And you should try eating more fresh _____ and Man: Yeah, you're probably right. _ a little weight training to strengthen your Woman: And you should L.1.4 Identifies key words muscles or perhaps try cycling to build up your cardiovascular system. Oh, and you need to go to __ early instead of watching TV half the night. in audio recordings about Man: Hey, you're starting to sound like my personal _ healthy living. Woman: No, I just love you, and I want you to be around for a long, long Learners check answers with their elbow partner. Post-listening Learners are asked to think about three things they need to change right now to have a healthy lifestyle. They should write their ideas on a piece of paper and stick it on the wall (as a reminder of things that need to be changed)

Unit 1				
Scenario: Recipes for Success				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
L.1. distinguishes the main points and the important details of audio	L.1.1	Demonstrates comprehension of the main idea of audio recordings about healthy living.		
recordings.	L.1.2	Identifies supporting details in audio recordings about healthy living.		
L.2. distinguishes the important details	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea from an audio about positive attitudes		
in a relatively long conversation.	L.2.2	Recognizes supporting details in audios about healthy habits.		
	R.1.1.	Identifies key words or phrases from multimedia resources about success.		
	R.1.2	Records relevant information about success.		
R.1. interprets the main conclusions from straightforward, factual texts.	R.1.3	Gets the gist from straightforward, factual texts about success.		
	R.1.4.	Chooses relevant information about success.		
	R.1.5	Justifies the reasons why people are successful.		
	R.2.1	Recognizes subject specific words (healthy living) and their corresponding meaning.		
R.2. extracts specific information in	R2.2	Identifies the topic in a text about healthy living.		
straightforward printed text.	R.2.3	Uses context clues to understand the overall message of texts about healthy living.		
	R.2.4	Identifies supporting details in texts about healthy living.		

Unit 1		
Scenario: Recipes for Success		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	S.I.1	Asks for opinions and/or advice about bad habits in her/his life.
SI.1. gives and asks personal opinions	S.I.2	Gives opinions and/or advice about bad habits others have.
in an informal discussion.	S.I.3	Expresses agreement with advice or opinions are given about her/his lifestyle.
	S.1.5	Expresses disagreement with advice or opinions are given about her/his lifestyle.
	S.I.2.1	Initiates a conversation using greetings.
SI 2 starts maintains and alocas	S.I.2.2.	Sustains the conversation about positive attitudes by using rejoinders, and non-verbal communication.
SI.2. starts, maintains and closes simple face-to-face conversation.	S.I.2.3	Asks and answers for agreement and disagreement in given statements about positive attitudes.
	S.I.2.4	Closes the conversation about positive attitudes using a leave-taking.
	S.P.1.1	Expresses feelings about positive attitudes in oral form.
CD 4 averages feelings about healthy.	S.P.1.2	Gives opinions about positive attitudes in oral form.
SP.1. expresses feelings about healthy living, positive attitudes, plans for	S.P.1.3	Asks for common feelings about positive attitudes in oral form.
success, and stories of successful people.	S.P.1.4	Collects information about feelings in positive attitudes in oral form.
	SP.1.5	Reports findings about final thoughts, ideas, feelings, and opinions about positive attitudes in oral form.

Unit 1				
Scenario: Recipes for Success				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
SP.2. expresses arguments about	SP.2.1.	Takes a position in given cases using accurate information about being successful.		
healthy living, positive attitudes, plans	SP.2.2.	States possible actions in given cases about being successful.		
for success, and stories of successful people.	S.P.2.3.	Supports opinions with evidence about being successful.		
···	S.P.2.4	Expresses agreement or disagreement with classmates' opinions about being successful.		
	W.1.1	Brainstorms ideas about healthy living attitudes.		
	W.1.2.	Follows specific guidelines to draft a reflective letter ("dear me) about his/her healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful future.		
W.1. writes his/her reflective letter ("dear me) about own healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful	W.1.3.	Drafts a reflective letter ("dear me) about his/her healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful future.		
future.	W.1.4.	Revises a reflective letter ("dear me) about his/her healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful future with a focus on content and checking for errors in subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.		
	W.1.5	Edits the final version a reflective letter ("dear me) about his/her healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful future.		

Unit 1 Scenario: Recipes for Success			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	W.1.6.	Publishes a reflective letter ("dear me) about his/her healthy living, attitudes and plans for a successful future.	
	W.2.1.	Collects information about a successful person.	
W.2. writes an expository paragraph on healthy living, attitudes and plans	W.2.2.	Writes an expository paragraph that includes sequential and logical ideas, an introductory, main body and concluding paragraph.	
for a successful future.	W.2.3.	Revises paragraphs focusing on content and structure.	
	W.2.4.	Edits first draft about a successful person.	
	W.2.5.	Publishes the final draft.	

UNIT 2			
Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1.distinguishes detailed oral	L1.1	Recognizes key words and phrases of detailed oral instructions supported by visuals about technology.	
instructions when supported by visuals.	L1.2	Labels detailed oral instructions supported by visuals about technology.	
L.2. extracts the main points of stories and other text read aloud in the classroom.	L2.1	Identifies the topic of videos or conversations related to living in a tech world, safety, and the next wave of innovations. Demonstrates comprehension of the main idea and supporting details of videos or conversations related to living in a tech world, safety, and the next wave of innovations.	
R.1. follows simple instructions.	R1. 1	Follows simple instructions related to technology.	
R.2. interprets relations between main	R2. 1	Identifies the topic in topical articles and reports about technological advances.	
ideas and supporting ideas in topical articles and reports	R2. 2	Recognizes the main idea in topical articles and reports about technological advances.	
	R2. 3	Recognizes linking words in topical articles and reports about technological advances.	

UNIT 2		
Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	R2. 4	Recognizes ideas that support a point of view (pro) in topical articles and reports about technological advances.
	R2. 5	Recognizes ideas that go against a point of view (con) in topical articles and reports about technological advances.
	R2. 6	Infers relations between main ideas and supporting ideas in topical articles and reports about technological advances.
	SI1.1	Initiates a lengthy discussion with peers by checking understanding from the listener's point of view in topics related to technology, safety, and technological advances.
SI.1. talks lengthy conversations with peers on subjects of common interest.	SI1.2	Sustains the conversation about technology, safety, and technological advances by using rejoinders and non-verbal communication.
	SI1.3	Closes the conversation related to technology, safety and technological advances by using a leave-taking.
SI.2. expresses opinions/makes	SI2. 1	Expresses opinions about inventions, living in a tech world, safety
suggestions while actively participating		and the next wave of innovations while actively participating in-

UNIT 2				
Scena	Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
in-group work.		group work.		
	SI2. 2	Expresses suggestions about inventions, living in a tech world, safety and the next wave of innovations while actively participating in-group work.		
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the information and visuals to give a well-organized presentation about inventions, living in a tech world and the next wave of innovations.		
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a well-organized		
SP.1. describes inventions, living in a tech		presentation about inventions, living in a tech world and the next		
world and the next wave of innovations in		wave of innovations.		
a comprehensible and fairly fluent manner.	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information to give a well- organized presentation about inventions, living in a tech world and the next wave of innovations with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.		
	SP1.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about inventions, living in a tech world and the next wave of innovations in a comprehensible		

UNIT 2			
	Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
		and fairly fluent manner.	
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the language, content, and resources to explain how internet is used in a safe way in a well-organized presentation.	
SP.2. explains how internet is used in a safe way.	SP2.2	Constructs sentences to explain how internet is used in a safe way in a well-organized presentation with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	SP2.3	Gives an explanatory presentation about how internet is used in a safe way in a well-organized presentation.	
W.1. writes short, detailed descriptions about objects of interest explaining the advantages and disadvantages involved.	W1. 1	Prewrites a detailed description about objects of interest explaining the advantages and disadvantages involved. Drafts a detailed description about objects of interest explaining the advantages and disadvantages involved including connecting words to express cause, effect, and contrast.	

UNIT 2			
Scena	Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	W1. 3	Revises a detailed description about objects of interest explaining the advantages and disadvantages involved with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation, and use of commas.	
	W1. 4	Edits a detailed description about objects of interest explaining the advantages and disadvantages involved before publishing.	
	W1. 1	Prewrites an expository essay about safety while working online.	
W.2. writes expository essays.	W1.2	Drafts an expository essay about safety while working online that includes thesis statement, body paragraphs with supporting details and a conclusion with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W1. 3	Revises an expository essay about safety while working online with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order, and use of commas.	

UNIT 2				
Scenario: From the Wheel to the Drone				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
	W1. 4	Edits an expository essay about safety while working online before publishing.		

UNIT 3				
Scenario: The Earth–Our Gift and Our Responsibility				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
L.1. paraphrases main ideas/	L1.1	Lists the main idea and supporting details in conversations about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
concepts and key points.	L1.2	Summarizes the main idea and supporting details from conversations about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
L.2. extracts specific details and	L2.1	Recognizes specific details in classroom talks and presentations about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's in order.		
getting the gist.	L2.2	Gets the gist in classroom talks and presentations about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's in order.		
L.3. extracts the gist of TV programs.	L3.1	Extracts the gist in TV programs about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
R.1. summarizes main ideas and supporting details.	R1. 1	Identifies the main idea and supporting details in straight factual texts about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's. Organizes the main idea and supporting details by using linkers:		

UNIT 3				
Scenario: The Earth-Our Gift and Our Responsibility				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
		sequential-past time about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's straight factual texts.		
	R1. 3	Summarizes the writers' points of view about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's in NGO's straight factual texts.		
R.2. interprets most words in narrative and expository texts. R2. 2 R2. 3	Records relevant information about natural disasters, possible solutions, environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's			
	Gets the gist from narrative and expository texts about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.			
	Answers questions from narrative and expository texts about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.			
	Explains the writer's point of view from narrative and expository texts about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.			
SI.1. expresses feelings and explains the reasons for them in	SI.1.1	Constructs sentences to state possible actions in given cases about natural disasters, possible solutions, and environmental problems, helping		

UNIT 3				
Scenario: The Earth–Our Gift and Our Responsibility				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
simple face-to-face conversation.		nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
	SI.1.2	Supports opinions with evidence about natural disasters, possible solutions, environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
	SI2.1	Initiates a simple face-to-face conversation with a greeting.		
S.I.2. starts, maintains and closes	SI2.2	Sustains the conversation by checking understanding from the speaker's		
simple face -to- face		point of view or listener's point of view about natural disasters,		
conversation on topics that are		environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's		
familiar or of personal interest	SI2.3	Asks and answers for agreement and disagreement in given statements		
regarding natural disasters,		about natural disasters, environmental problems, helping nature or		
environmental problems, helping		Nonprofit NGO's.		
nature or nonprofit NGO's	SI2.4	Closes the conversation about natural disasters, environmental problems,		
		helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's.		
SP.1. makes announcements using simple words and phrasing	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the information and visuals to make an announcement about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		
in a presentation.	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to make an announcement about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		

UNIT 3				
Scenario: The Earth–Our Gift and Our Responsibility				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or connecting words to make an announcement about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		
	SP1.4	Gives a well- organized announcements using simple words and phrasing about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the information and visuals to give a presentation about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		
SP.2. speaks in a comprehensible and fairly fluent manner using a large number of different words and expressions. SP2.2 SP2.2 SP2.2 SP2.3	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.		
	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a presentation about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.			
	Gives a well- organized presentation about natural disasters, possible solutions and organizations.			
W.1. writes in simple sentences, an opinion on controversial	W1. 1	Prewrites an opinion on a controversial issue regarding natural disasters, environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's including a thesis statement and listing reasons or justifications.		
issues.	W1. 2	Drafts an opinion on a controversial issue regarding natural disasters, environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's using the		

UNIT 3			
Scenario: The Earth–Our Gift and Our Responsibility			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
		appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W1. 3	Revises an opinion on a controversial issue regarding natural disasters,	
		environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's with a focus	
		on content and subject-verb agreement, pronoun, capitalization and article	
		agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order, and use of	
		commas.	
	W1. 4	Edits an opinion on a controversial issue regarding natural disasters,	
		environmental problems, helping nature or Nonprofit NGO's before	
		publishing.	
	W2. 1	Prewrites a persuasive paragraph regarding environmental problems and	
		helping nature.	
	W2. 2	Drafts a persuasive paragraph regarding environmental problems and	
W.2. writes a persuasive		helping nature that includes thesis statement, arguments, facts and	
paragraph regarding	examples and a conclusion using the appropriate linkers or connecting		
environmental problems and		words.	
helping nature.	W2. 3	Revises a persuasive paragraph regarding environmental problems and	
		helping nature with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement,	
	pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure,		
		use of commas.	

UNIT 3				
Scenario: The Earth–Our Gift and Our Responsibility				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
	W2. 4	Edits a persuasive paragraph regarding environmental problems and helping nature before publishing.		

UNIT 4		
Scenario: Get Ready. Get Set. Go!		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	L1.1	Recognizes the main idea of audio recordings about future plans
L.1. distinguishes the main point and the		regarding jobs and studies.
important details of audio recordings.	L1.2	Recognizes specific details in of audio recordings about future
		plans regarding jobs and studies.
L.2. extracts the main points in a relatively	L2.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in a relatively long
long conversation.		conversation about dreams and fears about the future.
R.1. reads short media reports on familiar events.	R1. 1	Identifies the topic of short media reports on familiar events.
	R1. 2	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details of short media
		reports on familiar events.
	R2. 1	Identifies the text type. (Is it a book?, a brochure?, a flyer?,
		booklet?, a web page?, an advertisement?, junk mail?, an
		editorial?, a newspaper article?, a job application form?, a survey?,
R.2.distinguishes between different text		a short story?, a comic strip?, a poem?, a recipe?, a manual?, an
purposes (to inform, to argue a point,		email?, a travel guide?, a guide).
etc.).	R2. 2	Identifies the purpose of the text. (Is it to persuade? to inform? to
		find out?, to entertain? to instruct? to explain? to describe?
	R2. 3	Recognizes sentence structure. (direct sentences, using the
		imperative; longer sentences using adjectives)

UNIT 4		
Scenario: Get Ready. Get Set. Go! Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning		
	Indicators of Learning	
R2. 4	Distinguishes the register of a text. (formal language with a	
	business-like tone, informal language with lots of opinions,	
	impersonal language)	
R.3.1	Gets the main idea and supporting details from narrative and	
	expository texts about college and career decisions.	
SI1.1	Initiates a fairly fluent conversation about college and career	
	decisions with peers by using variety of words and expressions and	
	skills like pausing for self-correction and checking for	
	understanding	
SI1.2	Interrupts the listener in a conversation related to college and	
	career decisions by using phrases such as: Excuse me, May I say	
	something? No, I'm sorry but	
SI1.3	Sustains the conversation by using rejoinders and non-verbal	
	communication	
SI1.4	Closes the conversation by using a leave-taking.	
SI2. 1	Constructs complete sentences to give opinions about soft skills	
	needed to be successful in working life	
SI2. 2	Provides suggestions on how to improve soft skills needed to be	
	successful in working life.	
	R2. 4 R.3.1 SI1.1 SI1.2 SI1.2 SI1.3	

UNIT 4		
Scenario: Get Ready. Get Set. Go!		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	SP1.1	Constructs sentences to express an opinion about dreams and
SP.1. expresses an opinion on different topics.		fears for the future with the appropriate linkers or connecting words supported by illustrations.
topics.	SP1.2	Presents an opinion about dreams and fears for the future supported by sentence frames and illustrations.
SP.2. expresses an argument clearly enough to be understood most of the time.	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the language, content and resources to express an argument clearly enough to be understood most of the time about future plans regarding jobs and studies, and college problems and dressing in a well-organized presentation. Constructs sentences to express an argument clearly enough to be understood most of the time in a well-organized presentation with the appropriate linkers or connecting words about future plans
	SP2.3	regarding jobs and studies, and college problems and dressing. Expresses an argument clearly enough to be understood most of the time in a well-organized presentation.
W.1. lists the advantages and	W1. 1	Prewrites an advantages and disadvantages list of things that are
disadvantages of things that are of		of personal concern (e.g., future goals, universities, majors, soft
personal concern (e.g., future goals,		skills, careers, events.

UNIT 4 Scenario: Get Ready. Get Set. Go!		
Assessment Strategies	enano. C	Indicators of Learning
universities, majors, soft skills, careers,	W1. 2	Drafts sentences to express advantages and disadvantages of
events).		things that are of personal concern (e.g., future goals, universities, majors, soft skills, careers, events.
	W1. 3	Revises sentences to express advantages and disadvantages of things that are of personal concern (e.g., future goals, universities, majors, soft skills, careers, events with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement, pronoun and article agreement, capitalization, sentence sense, text structure, word order, punctuation and use of commas.
	W1. 4	Edits sentences to express advantages and disadvantages of things that are of personal concern (e.g., future goals, universities, majors, soft skills, careers, events before publishing.
	W1. 1	Prewrites a descriptive paragraph about universities, majors or soft skills
W.2. writes a descriptive paragraph about	W1.2	Drafts a descriptive paragraph about universities, majors or soft
universities, majors or soft skills.		skills that includes topic sentence, supporting sentences, concluding sentence with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.

UNIT 4 Scenario: Get Ready. Get Set. Go!		
Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning		Indicators of Learning
	W1. 3	Revises a descriptive paragraph about universities, majors or soft skills with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement, capitalization, pronoun and article agreement, sentence sense, text structure, word order, spelling, use of commas, punctuation and cohesion.
	W1. 4	Edits a descriptive paragraph about universities, majors or soft skills before publishing.

UNIT 5 **Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** L1.1 Chooses the main idea and supporting details of stories and other texts read aloud in the classroom L.1. interprets the main points of L1.2 Analyses the author's argument of stories and other texts read aloud in stories and other texts read aloud in the classroom. the classroom. L1.3 Draws conclusions of stories and other texts read aloud in the classroom. Demonstrates comprehension of the main idea and some supporting L2.1 L.2. extracts the main points from details from classroom talks about controversies from the law and classroom talks. stereotypes. R1.1 Identifies the intended audience on short media reports. R1.2 Recognizes the text structure of short media reports. R.1. draws conclusions on short R1.3 Chooses the main idea in paragraphs or sections of short media media reports. reports. R1.4 Extracts supporting details in paragraphs or sections of short media

UNIT 5 **Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** reports. R1.5 Draws conclusions from of short media reports. R.2. extracts key points in R2. 1 Chooses the main idea and supporting details in straightforward factual straightforward factual texts. texts about controversial topics. Initiates a fairly fluent conversation about past experiences stories and SI.1.1 news about world international issues with peers using a variety of words and expressions and skills like pausing for self-correction and checking for understanding. SI.1. starts a conversation and SI.1.2 Interrupts, the listener in a conversation about past experiences stories helps to keep it going. and news about world international issues by using rejoinders such as: Excuse me, May I say something? No, I'm sorry but..., Changing topic... SI.1.3 Closes the conversation by using a leave-taking. SI.2. takes part in long SI.2.1 Initiates a fairly fluent conversation to agree or disagree about health conversations with peers, if others and medical facts related to law with peers by using a variety of words make an effort as well. and expressions and skills like pausing for self-correction and checking

UNIT 5 **Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** for understanding. SI.2.2 Sustains the conversation by using rejoinder phrases such as: Really..., Right,... SI.2.3 Closes the conversation by using a leave-taking. SP.1.1 Investigates and determines the language, content and resources to explain a process by providing detailed and practical instructions in a well-organized presentation. Organizes the content and resources by identifying the stages to carry SP.1.2 SP.1. explains a process providing out the process to present in a well-organized presentation. detailed, practical instructions. SP.1.3 Constructs sentences to describe in a detailed way each stage involved in the process using the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a well-organized presentation. SP.1.4 Gives a well-organized presentation to describe in a detailed way each stage involved in the process. SP.2. expresses opinions about SP.2.1 Investigates and determines language content to express an opinion world facts, issues from health and about world facts, issues from health and medicine, stereotypes or

UNIT 5 **Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** cultural differences in a well-organized presentation. medicine, stereotypes and cultural differences. SP.2.2 Organizes the ideas to express an opinion about world facts, issues from health and medicine, stereotypes, or cultural differences in a wellorganized presentation. SP.2.3 Constructs sentences to express an opinion about world facts, issues from health and medicine, stereotypes, or cultural differences in a wellorganized presentation. SP.2.4 Presents an opinion about world facts, issues from health and medicine, stereotypes, or cultural differences in a well-organized presentation. Prewrites a list of the main idea and supporting details from a piece of W1.1 literature or audiovisual production about world facts, issues from W.1. writes a short summary of a health and medicine, stereotypes, or cultural differences. piece of literature or audiovisual Drafts a short summary of a piece of literature or audiovisual production. production about world facts, issues from health and medicine, W1 2 stereotypes or cultural differences including main points and giving specific details using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.

UNIT 5 **Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** Revises a short summary of a piece of literature or audiovisual production about world facts, issues from health and medicine, W1.3 stereotypes, or cultural differences with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement; pronoun and article agreement, capitalization sentence sense, word order, comma use in a pair-share activity. W1.4 Edits a short summary by correcting mistakes before publishing. W2.1 Prewrites a persuasive paragraph about a controversial issue. Drafts a persuasive paragraph about a controversial issue that includes a thesis statement, main reasons, facts and examples conclusion while also acknowledging contrasting opinions with new W2.2 structures (e.g., on the one hand, Yet on the other hand...) with the W.2. writes short persuasive appropriate linkers or connecting words. paragraphs. Revises a persuasive paragraph about a controversial issue with a focus on content and subject-verb agreement; pronoun and article W2.3 agreement, capitalization, sentence sense, word order, comma use spelling, punctuation, content cohesion accurately in a pair-share activity.

Scenario: Really??? Controversial Issues Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning W2.4 Edits a persuasive paragraph about a controversial issue before publishing.

Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments

Instrumento 7°.8°.9° v	v 10° 11° años académico y bil	linaü	e /	Niv	el M	ódu	lo 4	6. N	lódu	ılo 7	'1 -C	IND)EA/	'IPE	C/	INC	0
	Instrument for Registering In -Class Progress																
	Performance Measure																
	3= Achieved: Learner can																
	achieve the task without any																
Grade/ Level	difficulty. 2= In process : Learner can	-															
Unit	achieve the task with some																
J	difficulty and needs		_	_						_	-						-
	improvement.		me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me	me
	1= Not yet achieved:	na	na	na	na	Student name	ent na	Student name	Student name	ent na	Student name	Student name	na	Student name	Student name	Student name	na
	Learner cannot achieve the	ent	ent	ent	ent								ent				ent
Assessment Strategy	lndicators of learning	Student name	Student name	Student name	tud	tud	tud	tud	tud	tud	tud	tud	Student name	tud	tud	tud	Student name
Assessment Strategy	indicators of learning	S	S	S	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	S	Ś	Ś	Ś	S	Ś	Ś	S	S
Total																	
Porcentaje																	

Oral Performance Scale-Sample (Oral Production) Score:							
Scenario: Assessment Strategy		and ans	swers in a predictable pattern simp	ole questions about daily routines, eatin	g habits, hobbies and hanging ou	ut activities if the other person speaks	
Description of linguistic task	You met a thanging ou	n exch riend c t activit	ange (2 minutes) online. He / she lives in a rural part	of the country. You both would like to keep a virtual call to share some information.			
Indicators*	Points per indicator	N/A	1	2	3	4	
Uses information questions to ask about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	3		Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities. The student fails to ask for most of the information (He/she cannot control memorized language structures (question patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately sometimes. The student asks information about some of the elements. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (question patterns), to be somehow understood.	Asks questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately and with ease. The student gets to ask for information about all the elements. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (question patterns)		
Makes complete sentences to answer information questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	4		Answers were incomplete He/she hardly answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she cannot identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood.	Answers were partially accomplished. He/she sometimes answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can partially identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer with control of memorized language structures (sentence patterns) to be somehow understood.	Answers were accomplished. Most of the time, he/she answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns) at most times.	Answers were successfully accomplished. He/she, at all times, answers questions about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out activities appropriately when asked. He/she can consistently identify question words, helping verb and basic language structures (sentence patterns)	

*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	·
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:		·			

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular.

Oral Performance Scale-Sample (Oral Production)

Dos Cercas High School

Summative instrument

Allotted Time: _____ minutes

Level: Eighth Grade

Teacher: ____ Obtained Percentage: ____ %

Outside Percentage: ____ %

Student`s name: ____ Group: ____ %

Scenario: Something to Celebrate!

Assessment Strategy SI.2. Asks and answers about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.

Description of linguistic task Information exchange (2 minutes)

You are participating in an international school summer camp. You were asked to talk about favorite holidays or celebrations around the world. Choose one and talk about when and where it is celebrated, special food, activities. Use pictures to talk about it and ask questions to the teacher or classmates. Answer a couple of questions from your teacher or classmates.

	2 13.000.011		,						
Indicators*	Points								
	per	N/A	1	2	3	4			
	indicator								
Asks questions about	3		Asks questions about holidays	Asks questions about holidays and	Asks questions about				
holidays and festivals in			and festivals in Costa Rica,	festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	holidays and festivals in				
Costa Rica, Latin America and			Latin America and around the	America and around the World	Costa Rica, Latin America				
around the World.			World with a lot of difficulty.	appropriately sometimes. The	and around the World				
			The student fails to ask for	student asks information about	appropriately and with ease.				
			most of the information (He/she	some of the elements. He/she can	The student gets to ask for				
			cannot control memorized	partially control memorized	information about all the				
			language structures (question	language structures	elements. He/she can				
			patterns), so it is hard to be	(question patterns), to be somehow	consistently control basic				
			understood.	understood.	language structures				
					(question patterns)				
Answers questions about	4		Answers were incomplete	Answers were partially	Answers were	Answers were successfully			
holidays and festivals in			He/she hardly answers	accomplished. He/she sometimes	accomplished. Most of the	accomplished. He/she, at all			
Costa Rica, Latin America and			questions about holidays and	answers questions about holidays	time, he/she answers	times, answers questions about			
around the World.			festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	questions about holidays	holidays and festivals in Costa			
			America and around the World	America and around the World	and festivals in Costa Rica,	Rica, Latin America and around			
			appropriately when asked.	appropriately when asked. He/she	Latin America and around	the World appropriately when			
			He/she cannot identify the	can partially identify the question	the World appropriately	asked.			
			question word and helping verb	word and helping verb to provide	when asked.	He/she can consistently identify			
			to provide an answer with	an answer with control of	He/she can identify question	question words, helping verb and			
			control of memorized language	memorized language structures	words, helping verb and	basic language structures			
			structures (sentence patterns),	(sentence patterns) to be somehow	basic language structures	(sentence patterns)			
			so it is hard to be understood.	understood.	(sentence patterns) at most				

				times.	
Gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	3	The task was incomplete He/she hardly gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World. He/she cannot control memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood	The task was partially accomplished. He/she somewhat gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by either talking about the holiday or festival name or date of celebration. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (sentence pattern), to be somehow understood	The task was successfully accomplished. He/she gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by talking about when and where they are celebrated, special food, activities. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (sentence patterns)	
*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
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*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:					

^{*}The indicators related to pronunciation, fluency and sociolinguistic appropriateness were constructed to measure overall achievement. They must be present in all instruments related to Spoken Interaction and Spoken production as required.

Propuesta elaborada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Alfredo Ortega Cordero. Asesores Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular, 2021.**

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